

Optical Fiber Arc Fusion Splicer

Read this service manual carefully before running SWIFT F1+.

SWIFT F1+ **USER MANUAL**

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I. Notes for Users

SWIFT F1+ has been designed to assure an easy and convenient operation in both indoor and outdoor work conditions; however, users need to carefully read this user manual prior to operating this machine in order to prevent any accidents or damage to the equipment. This easy-and-simple-use machine contains potential risks for harm or injury. Therefore, use SWIFT F1+ only after thoroughly understanding this user manual.

Keep this user manual along with equipment at all times.

Il sintech co., Ltd is not liable for any personal injury, physical loss and damage to equipment caused by inappropriate use or modification of the SWIFT F1+.

Warnings

Please, turn off the power of the device immediately and contact Il sintech co., Ltd if any of below mentioned incidents occurs while operating the SWIFT F1+

- Fumes, bad odor, noise or overheating
- Liquid or foreign substances falls into the device
- The arc fusion splicer is dropped or damaged

Use only the AC power cord provided by the manufacturer. Using an improper AC power cord may cause fire, electric shock or equipment damage resulting in personal injury.

Do not touch electrodes when the power of SWIFT F1+ is turned on; high voltage and heat generated from the electrodes can cause severe electric shock or burns.

Connect AC power cord to the designated electric charger and power outlet. When connecting the AC plug, make sure that there is no dust or foreign matter on the terminal.

Incomplete engagement of the cord may cause fumes, electric shock, fire or equipment damage resulting in personal injury or even death.

Warnings

Apply correct voltage.

The input AC power of the charger is AC 100-240V and 50-60Hz.

Check the AC power before use. Providing AC power of an inappropriate range can cause flame, fire, damage on the equipment, or severe injuries, electric shock or even death. Inappropriate AC output voltage or frequency from AC power is a common issue. Before connecting AC power cord, measure AC output voltage using the circuit tester. Inappropriately high voltage or frequency of AC power can cause flame, fire, damage on the equipment or severe injuries or even death.

Do not excessively pull on, heat or amend the AC power cable. The use of damaged power cable may cause fire or injury.

Always connect to 3-core AC power cord. Do not use 2-core AC power cord, cable and plug.

Do not touch AC plug, AC power cord or SWIFT F1+ with a wet hand. It could result in electric shock.

Do not disassemble AC adapter, battery or the SWIFT F1+. Transforming or modification of SWIFT F1+ unit could cause fire, electric shock or injury.

When using an external battery, follow the instructions below;

- The use of inadequate external battery may cause fumes or damage to the equipment and, in serious cases, it could result in burn, injury or even death.
- Do not discard the battery into a trash incinerator or fire.
- Do not charge or discharge the battery near a flame or blaze.
- Do not excessively shake or physically impact the battery.
- If a battery is not fully charged or green LED is not turned on in six hours, immediately stop charging and ask to ILSINTECH.

Do not place any object on the AC adaptor during charging.

Use charger(F1-2) and battery pack(F1-B) exclusively designed for the equipment. The use of other battery pack may cause fumes, burn, damaged to the unit, injury or even death.

Warnings

Use the battery charger (F1-2) which has been designed for the unit.
Do not apply different AC power.

Do not make a short circuit of battery (F1-B) or the terminals of the charger.
Excessive current may cause personal injury and equipment damage.

Do not use SWIFT F1+ in an environment in which flammable liquids or hazardous gas exists. The electric arc of the arc fusion splicer may cause fire or explosion.

Do not clean SWIFT F1+ with compressed air or compressed gas.

Check the condition of belt if there is any damaged or worn out area before transporting the carrier case using the belt. If the carrier case is dropped due to worn out belt, it could damage the unit or people could get hurt.

Wear safety goggles always during operating the arc fusion splicer. If fiber fragments come into contact with the eye or skin, it could be extremely dangerous

DO NOT operate the fusion splicer in or near a place where the temperature is over 50°C.
It could result in injury or damage equipment.

The heat oven reaches high temperatures so extreme caution should be used when operating.
Please keep hands and other objects away when in use.

The blade of the cleaver is sharp so to be use careful, not to make any damage on your hand.



: DO NOT TOUCH



: EXTREMELY HOT



: DO NOT SPRAY FREON GAS

Cautions

Do not touch protection sleeve or tube-heater during heating or immediately after completion of heating. Their surfaces are very hot and touching these may result in burn.

Do not place SWIFT F1+ in an unstable place. The unit may fall, causing personal injury or equipment damage.

Do not give shocks on SWIFT F1+ since it is a precision machine. When moving or keeping SWIFT F1+, use the carrying case exclusive for the equipment. The exclusive carrying case protects the equipment against humidity, vibration and shocks and prevents damages during its keeping and moving.

Maintain the electrodes as instructed below;

- Use only specified electrodes.
- Place new electrodes in the correct position.
- Replace the electrodes as a pair.

If a user fails to follow the above instructions, it may cause abnormal arc-discharge, resulting in equipment damage or degradation in splicing performance.

Use pure ethyl alcohol (96% or greater) to clean the objective lens, V-groove, mirror, LCD monitor, body, etc of the unit. Otherwise blurring, discoloration, damage or performance deterioration may occur.

SWIFT F1+ requires no lubrication. The use of oil or grease may degrade the splicing performance and damage the equipment.

Do not store the arc fusion splicer in a place where temperature or humidity is extremely high. Equipment failure may occur.

The equipment's technical parts must be examined by a qualified technician or engineer, otherwise, it cause fire or electric shock. If any problems occur, ask IIsintech for repair and maintenance.

II. Product Specifications and Components

1. Product Specifications

Subject	Description
Fiber alignment	Fixed V-Groove(Clad to Clad)
Applicable type of fibers	0.25mm, 0.9mm, 2.0mm, 3.0mm, 4.0mm, Indoor cable
Applicable type of connector	SC, FC, ST, LC
Fiber count	Single fiber
Applicable fiber dimensions	Cladding diameter: 125 μ m, Coating diameter: 250, 900 μ m
Fiber setting and cleaved length	7.0mm
Splicing modes	Splice mode: 100, Heater mode: 50
Typical Splice Loss	SM: 0.07dB, MM: 0.02dB, DS: 0.06dB, NZDS: 0.06dB
Return loss	>60dB
Splicing time	Typical 7sec
Splice loss estimate	Available
Sleeve heating time	30sec(0.9mm fiber), 70sec(Indoor, 3.0mm cable), 80sec(connector)
Applicable protection sleeve	60mm, 40mm, 32mm, 28mm
Storage of splice result	The last 2,000 results to be stored in the internal memory.
Tension test	1.96N
Operating condition	Altitude: 0~5,000m above sea level, Temperature: -10 $^{\circ}$ C~50 $^{\circ}$ C, Humidity: 0~95%, Wind: 15m/s, non-condensing
Storage condition	Temperature: -40 $^{\circ}$ C~80 $^{\circ}$ C, Humidity: 0~95%
Dimensions	136(W) \times 203(L) \times 86(H)mm
Weight	1.2kg(Include battery 1.5kg)
Viewing method and display	Two CMOS cameras and 3.5" color LCD monitor

Fiber view and magnification	X/Y : 170X/190X
Power supply	DC Lithium polymer battery(DC 14.8V, 1650mAh), 100 ~ 240V AC Adapter
No. of splice cycles with battery	Typical 120 cycles(0.9mm fiber)
Electrode life	More than 2,500 times splicing without exchange
Terminals	USB, External power(DC 12V Available for car cigar jack)

2. Product Components



SWIFT F1+ Body



F1-B Battery Pack



F1-2 Charger



AC Power Cord



Work Belt

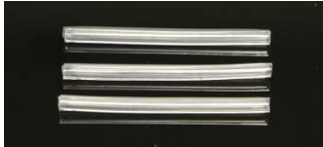
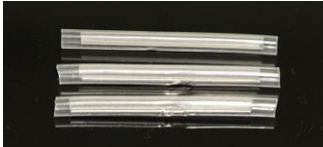




DC Adaptor



Carrying Case

3. Fiber Preparation

Fiber types	0.25 mm	0.9 mm
Fiber protection sleeve	Basic sleeve  Length: 40mm	 Length: 28mm
	Micro sleeve Length: 20mm Length: 25mm Length: 34mm Length: 45mm	
Fiber holder	Fiber holder [Standard] (250/900) Cleave length : 7mm (Fixed)	Fiber holder [FTTH] (SOC(Splice-On Connector)) Cleave length : 7mm (Fixed)
		

III. Using Method

1. Power Supply

Always use the battery provided with SWIFT F1+ by the manufacturer.

Battery charging

Charging starts when the red LED on the charger is turned on with applying power through the AC cord connected the battery charger and AC power outlet. The color of the LED is changed to green when the charging is completed. It takes approximately two hours to be fully charged.



LED power indicator

When AC power is applied, it turns in order of red → green → off.



- Press Use only the charger and AC adaptor provided with the equipment.
- The battery packs of SWIFT F1+ (F1-B) has a protection circuit and function to prevent over discharge, over charge and overload. The power is cut off when protective function is activated.

In case of using AC Adapter

The AC charger exclusive for SWIFT F1+ provides power through AC adaptor. When normal voltage is provided, green light is displayed on the charger. Be careful not to let voltage over 250V be provided to the AC adaptor for use.



Do not use a charger other than the one that is supplied with the equipment; otherwise, there is a risk of accident including fire.

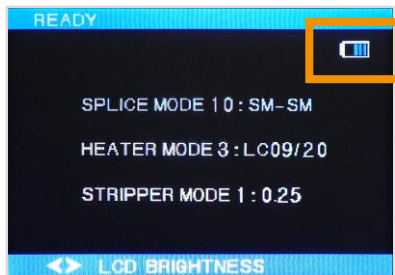
In case of using DC Adapter







The power can be provided to SWIFT F1+ through using its exclusive DC adaptor. With connecting AC adaptor to DC adaptor then can be used without battery, you can operate the equipment without using the battery.



Checking remaining battery capacity

The remaining capacity of a battery is indicated at the top right on the screen when SWIFT F1+ is in use.

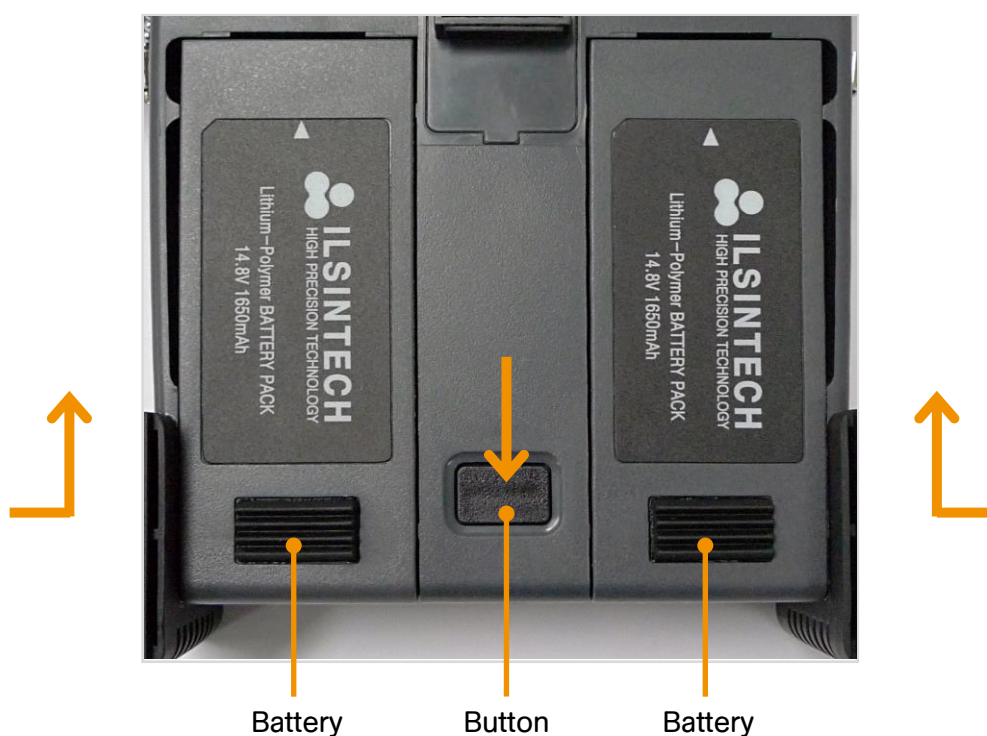


Remaining battery amount (Monitor)	Remaining battery amount display (LED)	Remaining battery percentage
 5 bars	5 LED	80 ~ 100%
 4 bars	4 LED	60 ~ 80%
 3 bars	3 LED	40 ~ 60%
 2 bars	2 LED	20 ~ 40%
 1 bars	1 LED	10 ~ 20%
 0 bars	1 LED 1 LED flash	within 5% (It should be charged immediately.)

2. Inserting & Detaching Battery

The SWIFT F1+ can be used either with 2 battery packs or with one battery pack and one DC adaptor together.

Battery installation



- ① In order to mount a battery, push it up from the bottom of the body until it reaches the end of the body.
- ② In order to detach a battery, push it toward the front of the body while pressing the button in the middle.

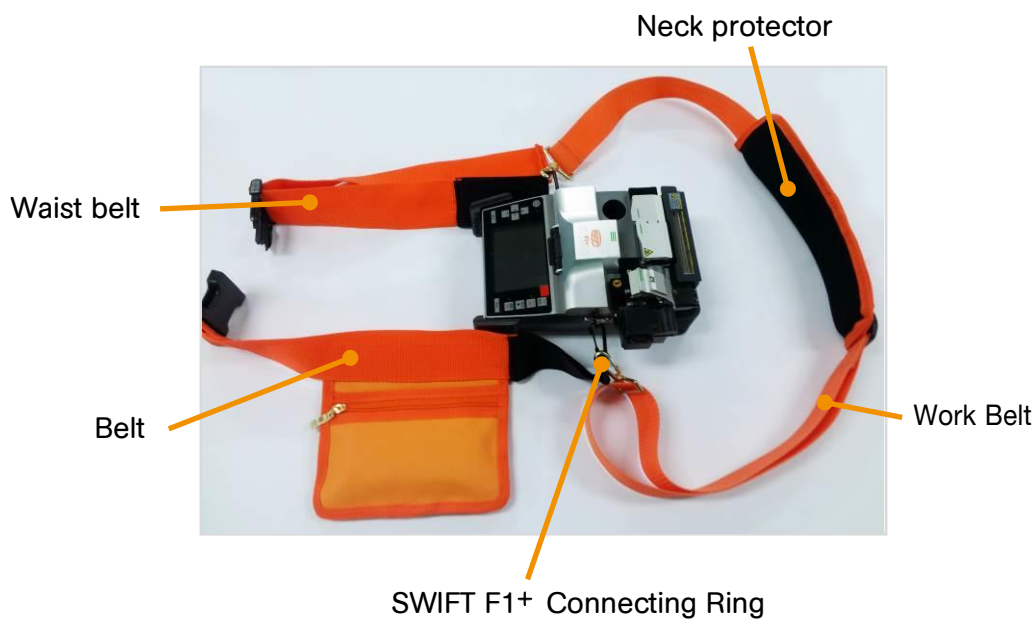
3. How to Use Work Belt

Work Belt of SWIFT F1+ is auxiliary equipment combined with the fusion splicer to facilitate working in fields such as a manhole, telephone pole, etc.

After connecting the Work Belt installing ring on the side of the body and the connecting ring of waist belt, join the connecting ring of waist belt and the connecting ring of neck protector as in the picture. See the below picture.

When going up on a telephone pole, keep the equipment's body close to abdominal region as in the picture while carrying it. Then, use it through firmly fixing on the neck and waist not to make the belt disturb working.

The use of Work Belt



<Portable>



<Use>

IV. Product Features

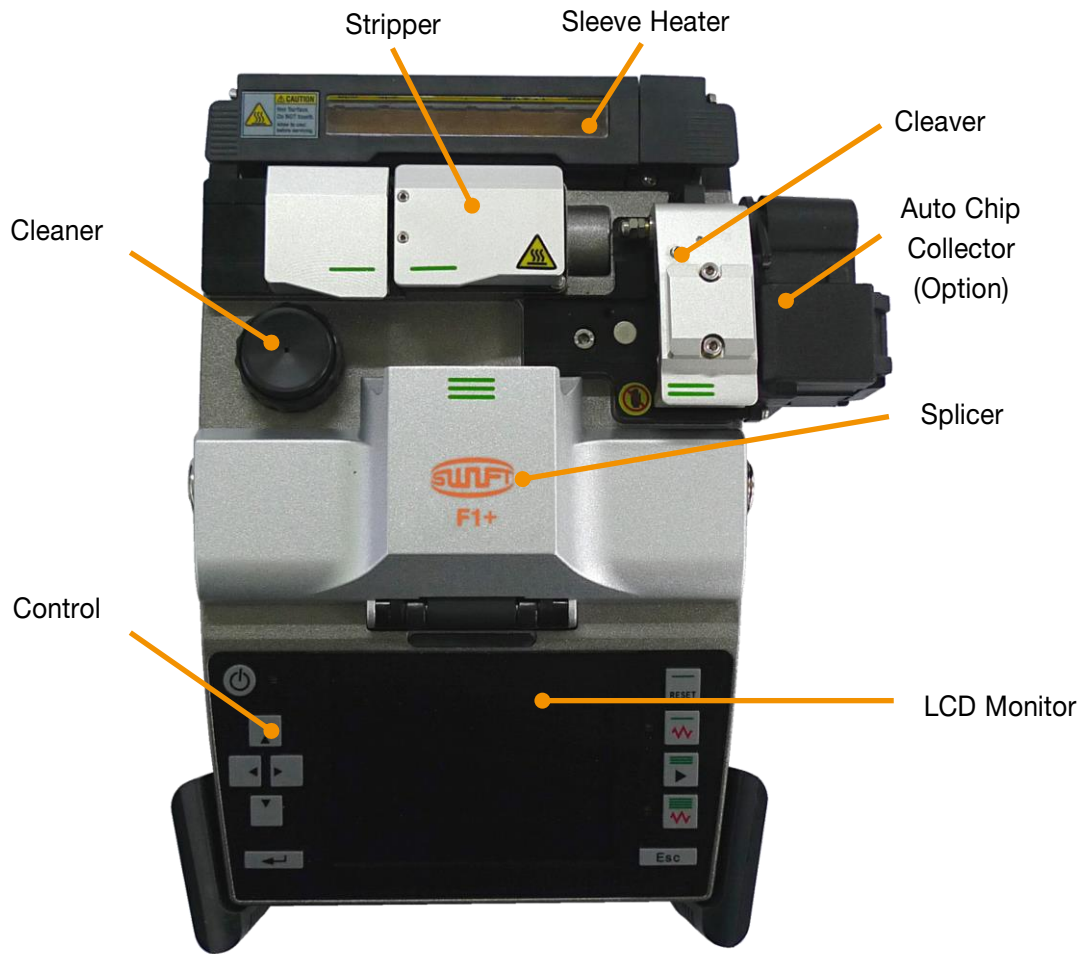
Fiber arc fusion splicer SWIFT F1+ has been designed to splice various types of fiber based on Image Processing technology. SWIFT F1+ is compact, light and convenient and provides fast splicing result with and low splice loss. It is recommended to carefully read the user manual before operation to understand the entire functions of SWIFT F1+.

1. Body

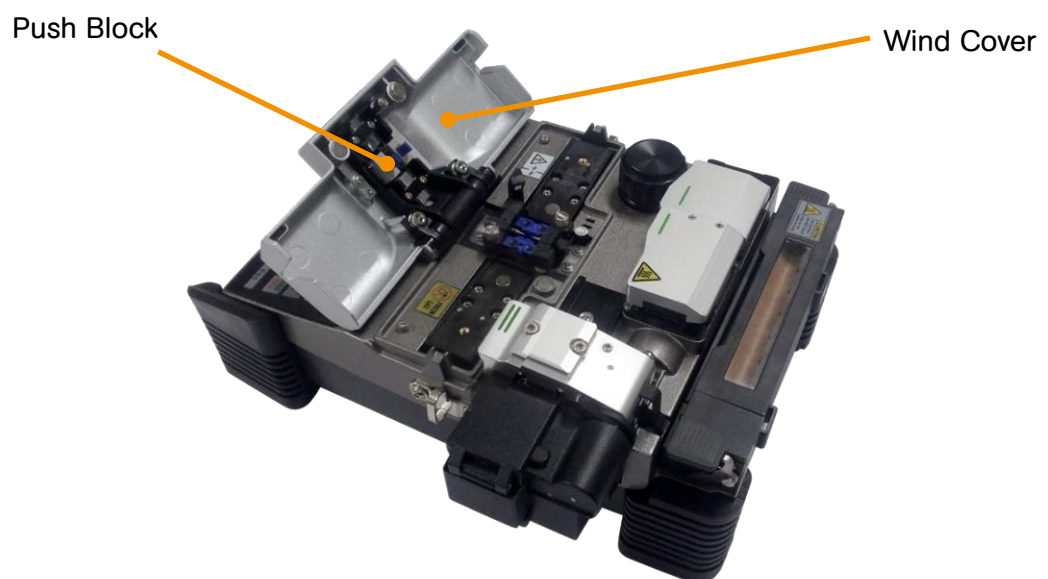
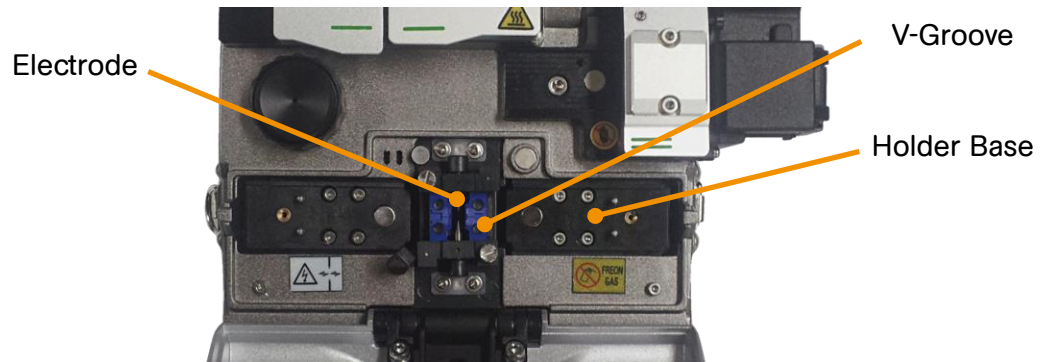




Battery Pack USB Port



2. SWIFT F1+ Splicer Parts



3. SWIFT F1+ Auto Stripper

1) Features

SWIFT F1+ automatic fiber stripper automatically carries out an accurate stripping of the coating of single fibers. Featuring excellent tensile force of fiber, the automatic stripper strips up to 28.0mm in length without damaging the surface of fiber. Read the user manual sufficiently to maintain the best performance of the unit.



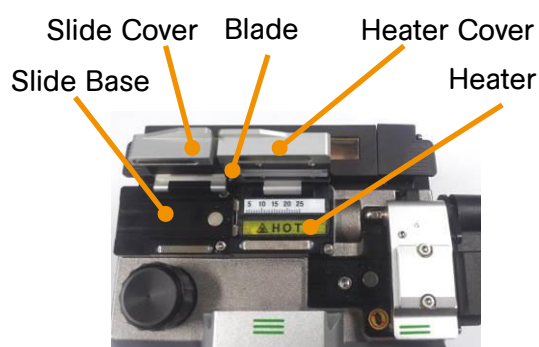
- Be careful not to wet the equipment.
- Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- Never use organic solvents such as acetone except ethyl alcohol(96%) to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Specifications

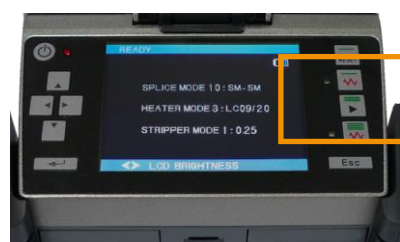
Specifications

Applicable Fiber Diameter	125 μ m
Applicable Cable Diameter	250 μ m, 900 μ m, 2.0mm, 2.5mm, 3.0mm
Strip Length	Max 28.0mm
Heating Time	1 ~ 3 sec
Heating Temperature	60°C ~ 150°C
Tensile Force after Stripping	4kgf

3) Configuration and name of each part



<Front View>



<Control Panel>



4. SWIFT F1+ Cleaner

1) Features

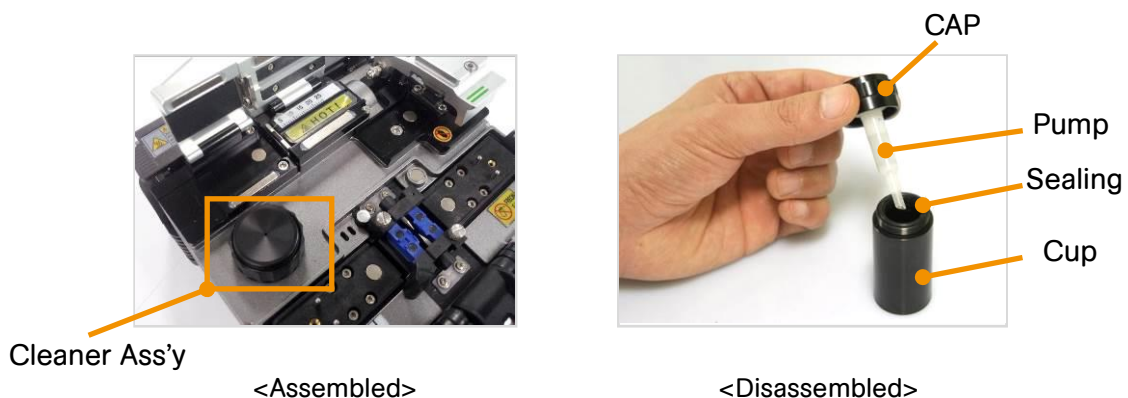
The alcohol dispenser in the SWIFT F1+ has a limited capacity; the alcohol pump can be removed and refilled with cleaning fluid.

When recharging the cleaner, use ethyl alcohol (96%).



- Be careful not to wet the equipment.
- Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- Never use organic solvents such as acetone except ethyl alcohol(96%) to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Configuration and name of each part



5. SWIFT F1+ Cleaver

1) Features

The cleaver is designed to cleave the fiber at a 90 degree angle.
For the best result, following requirements should be met.

The coating of fiber shall be cleanly stripped.

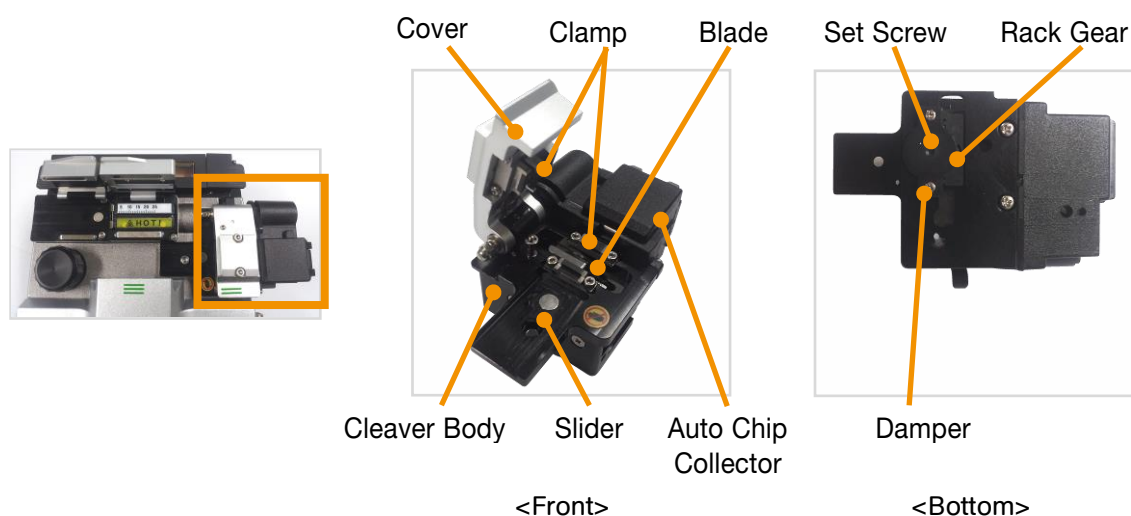
Optical fiber installed on holder in cutting should be exactly straight in its alignment.

The state of cutting blade on the cutting part and the height of blades should be accurate.



- Be careful not to wet the equipment
- Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- Never use organic solvents such as acetone except ethyl alcohol(96%) to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Configuration and name of each part



6. SWIFT F1+ Sleeve Heater

1) Features

The sleeve heater is designed to strengthen the fiber splice.
To ensure maximum reinforcement the following conditions must be met

After splicing the fiber splice point must be visually perfect
The optical fiber whose sleeve tube is inserted on sleeve heater should be correct in its alignment and installation.
Closed heater cover while sleeve heater is running.



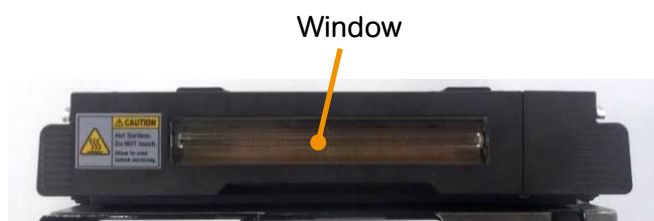
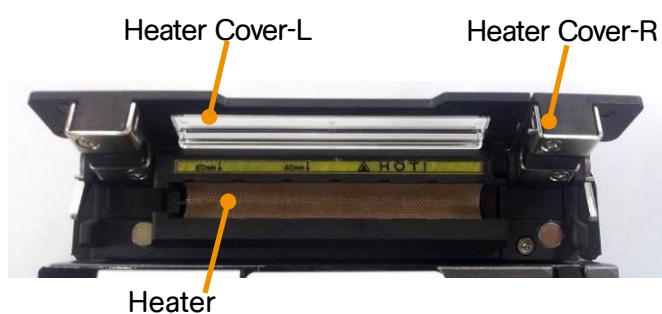
- Be careful not to wet the equipment.
- Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- Never use organic solvents such as acetone except ethyl alcohol (96%) to clean rubber part of the equipment.

2) Specifications

Specifications

Applicable Cable Diameter	$\Phi 250\mu\text{m}$, $\Phi 900\mu\text{m}$, $\Phi 2.0\text{mm}$ ~ $\Phi 3.0\text{mm}$, $\Phi 4.0\text{mm}$
Sleeve Length	32mm (standard)
Sleeve Heating Time	20~35sec
Heating Range	130℃ ~ 200℃

3) Configuration and name of each part



<Bottom>



<Control Panel>

7. SWIFT F1+ Optical Power Modules

1) Features

The optical power modules of SWIFT F1+ are composed with the optical power meter to measure optical power and the disconnection checker to confirm disconnection of line. For exact measurement and utilization, the following conditions should be met.

Optical light-receiving unit of optical power meter should be clean.

The cross section of ferrule on optical connector inserted to optical power meter and disconnection checker should be clean.



- Be careful not to wet the equipment.
- Maintain the unit in a clean condition at all times because many of splicing problems are caused by dust or moisture.
- Keep and use the unit at room temperature as it could be deformed by heat.
- Keep the equipment from being shaken or physically impacted as it could be broken.
- Be careful and do not directly see the light output from disconnection checker with naked eye as it could cause blindness.

2) Specifications

(1) SWIFT F1+ optical power meter

Technical Specifications ^a

Power range ⁽¹⁾	5 to -50 dBm
Measurable wavelengths ⁽²⁾	1310, 1490, 1550 nm
Calibrated wavelengths ^b	1310, 1550 nm
Power uncertainty ^c	±5%
Resolution ^d	0.01 dB
Tone detection	270, 300, 1k, 2k Hz
Tone detecting range	5 to -30 dB
Display unit	dB/dBm/W
Optical adapter type	Standard: 2.5mm Universal adapter Optional: 1.25mm Universal adapter
Data storage	2k results
Firmware upgrade	Enable
Warranty and recommended calibration interval	3 years

a. All specification valid at 1550nm without (1),(2) factors and 23°C±1°C with an 2.5mm universal adapter for PC connector .

b. In CW mode

c. A+ -10dBm, CW모드

d. From +5dBm to -40dBm (From -40dBm to -50dBm: 0.1dB resolution)

Specifications

Operating temperature	-10°C to 50°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to 70°C
Relative humidity	0% to 85% non-condensing

(2) SWIFT F1+ disconnection checker

Technical Specifications ^a

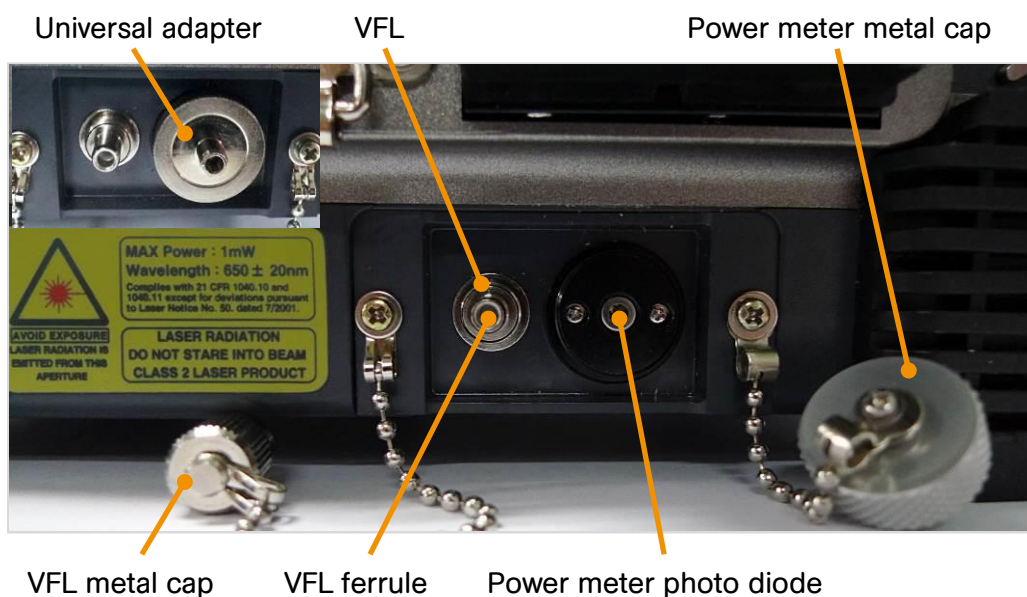
Laser source	Class 2 laser diode
Laser wavelength (nm)	650nm \pm 20nm
Fiber compatibility	SM and MM
Output power	<1mW into single mode fiber
Output port	Universal adapter for connectors with 2.5mm ferrules
Distance range	<4km
Modulation	CW or 2~ 3Hz selected

a. All specification valid at 23°C unless otherwise specified

Specifications

Operating temperature	-10°C to 40°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to 70°C
Relative humidity	0% to 85% non-condensing

3) Configuration and name of each part



V. Operation

1. Function buttons



Power ON & OFF switch.

The power is ON and red light is turned on at the small box beside the switch when it is pressed one time. If it is pressed one time when the power is ON, the red light is turned off and power is cut off.





Moves the cursor to the left direction.

When pressed on the initial screen, it darkens the brightness of monitor. In addition, fiber movement and camera focus can be adjusted in manual mode.



Moves the cursor to the right direction.

When pressed on the initial screen, it lightens the brightness of monitor. It opens sub-menu when pressed  when  is shown at the right side of the menu screen.



Moves the cursor to the top direction.

When it is pressed on the initial screen, popup menus appear on the screen.

Used in selecting menu items.



Moves the cursor to the bottom direction.

When it is pressed on the initial screen, popup menus appear.

Used in selecting menu items.



Enter key to finalize a series of settings.

Used to move to the next stage or complete edit settings.

Possible to choose main menus on the initial screen.



Used to cancel splicing or initialize the arc fusion function.



Supplies power to the heater of stripping device.
When it is pressed one time, power is applied and one more press cuts the power.



Used in splicing work.



Used for supplying power to sleeve heater.
When it is pressed one time, power is applied and one more press cuts the power.



Used for cancelling a selection or edit setting, returning an executed function or moving to the previous step.

2. SWIFT F1+ Activation

Press power button 1 time.
Change to Ready (initial screen) after completing settings.



Monitor brightness

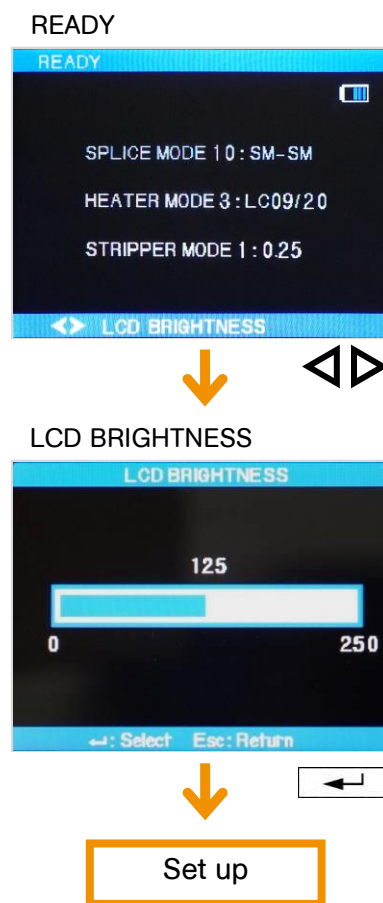
In order to adjust brightness press left or right cursor key and press Enter.

Splicing mode

A proper splicing mode needs to be selected to carry out an accurate splice. Current splicing mode is indicated on the initial screen.

Heater mode

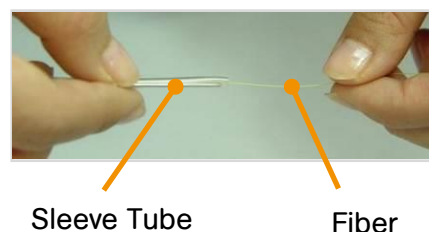
A proper heater mode to be selected to apply heat to the protection sleeve. Current heater mode is indicated on the initial screen.



- Press Enter key in the initial screen to change splicing mode.
- Both splicing and heater modes are presented on the main menu.

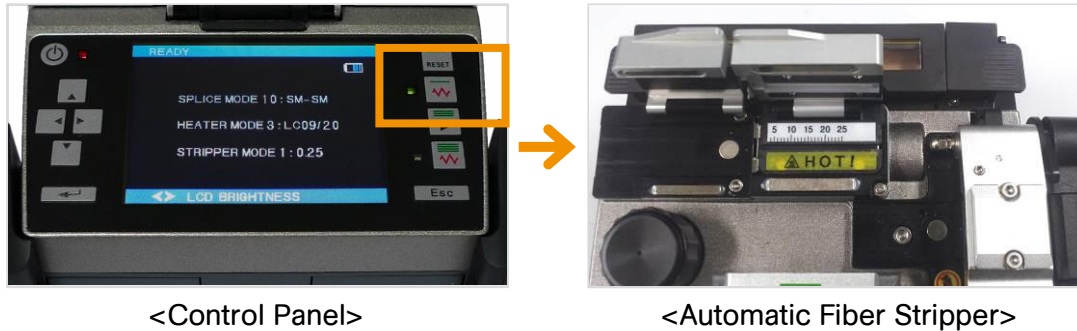
3. Inserting optical fiber into the splice sleeve tube.

Put the connector and sleeve tube in optical fiber based on the assembling direction before stripping.

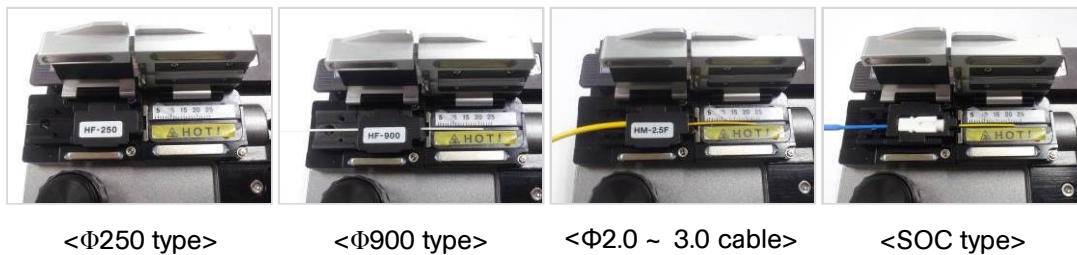


4. Stripping Procedure

- ① Preheat the heater by operating the stripping part control as shown in the picture. Open thermal heater cover and slide cover for preparation.



- ② Place fiber into the holder as shown below pictures. The minimum stripping length should be longer than 18mm.



- ③ Mount the holder containing the fiber onto the slider and close slide cover.



- ④ Upon closing the heater cover, the optical fiber is subject to heating for the predetermined time period and then stripping is performed with the sliding part's automatic transfer.



<Φ250 type>



<Φ900 type>

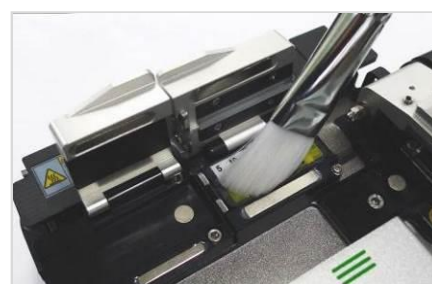


<Φ2.0 ~ 3.0 cable>

- ⑤ When stripping is completed, open the slide cover and detach the holder containing the stripped fiber. The slider part moves to the initial position as thermal heater cover is opened.

- ⑥ Clean the stripped optical fiber using cleaning paper not to leave any foreign substances on.

- ⑦ For the next operation, remove the stripped sheath remnants in heater, blade and holder seating part by using tools such as a soft brush. In cleaning, the blade is sharp so be careful not to make any damage both on human body and on the blade during its handling.



5. Cleaning Procedure

- ① When cleaning, press down on the alcohol dispenser 2 or 3 times, using cleaning paper (wipe) as shown in the picture below.

In cleaning, cover the front of outlet with cleaning paper and discharge it not to make the cleaner disperse.



- ② When the cleaner is used up and not discharged, open the cap and refill the cleaner. Cleaner is attached to SWIFT F1+ body with a magnet so pull it up and completely separate it from SWIFT F1+ body to refill the cleaner.



- ③ Use ethyl alcohol (96%) as the exclusive cleaner.

6. Cleaving Procedure

- ① Open the cover and set the holder on which the stripped optical fiber is installed at the position for cutting the body. On doing this job, make the holder close to one side of holder base to make the optical fiber form a right angle to the blade. And for its use, take out Chip-Box at the bottom of the body and attach it to the right side. (In case of Auto Collector Type, however, the operations above are unnecessary. – Optional)



<Φ250 type>



<Φ900 type>



<SOC Type>

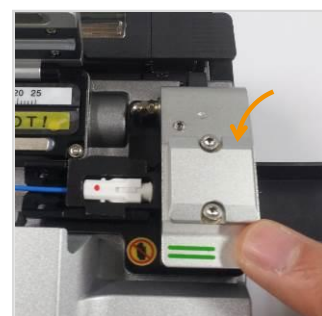
- ② Press the cover to cleave the fiber.



<Φ250 type>

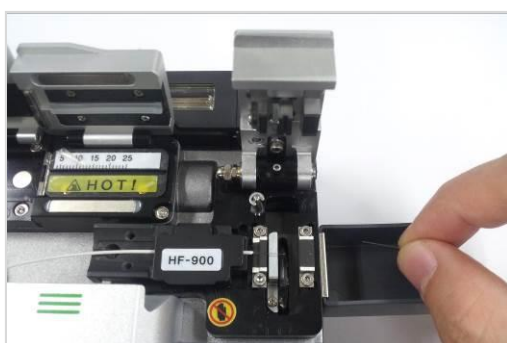


<Φ900 type>

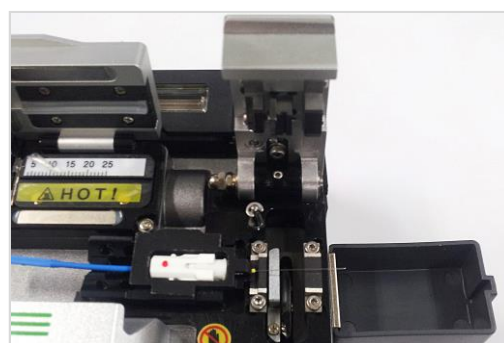


<SOC type>

- ③ Open the cover and check the result.

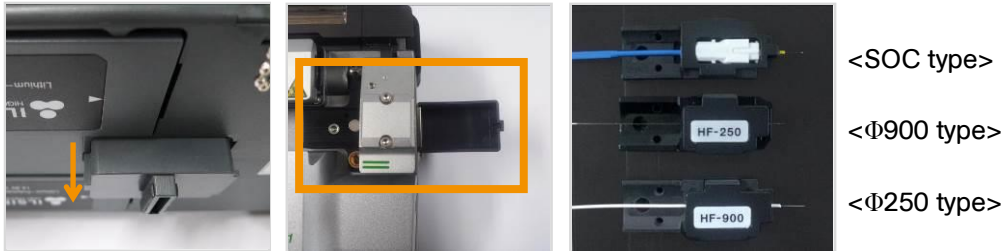


<Φ900 type>



<SOC type>

- ④ Take out the cut fiber and holder.
 Be careful for not to get dust or foreign substance.
 Take out the Chip-Box at the bottom of body and attach it on the right side for use.
 (Auto Collector Type, however, is automatically collected in Chip-Box. – Optional)




7. Placing the fiber onto arc fusion splicer

- ① Open wind cover.
 ② Place the holder containing the fiber, stripped, cleaned and cleaved onto the holder base in right direction.



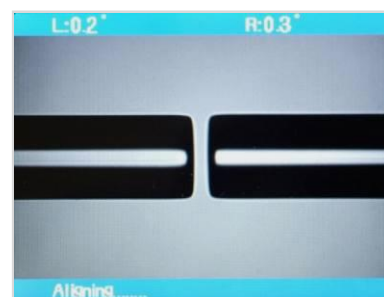
- If this instruction should be mentioned, when it is first loading the fiber into the fiber holder.
- Be careful not to damage the cutting area on the tip of prepared optical fiber.

- ③ Close the wind breaking cover, taking care not to make shocks.
 ④ Start splicing by pressing  button when the alignment of the fiber is verified on the monitor.

8. Fusion Splicing Procedure

The condition of the fiber can be observed through the image processing system of SWIFT F1+. However, a naked eye test is required to ensure a better splicing result.

- ① The fibers placed into the arc fusion splicer gradually move toward each other. The fibers which has been moving gradually stop at a position where splicing can be carried out accurately. Then, it checks the cleave angle, the cross section condition of optical fiber and the existence of foreign substance. An error message is presented on the screen if the measured cleave angle is bigger than pre-defined limit value or broken part is discovered.




At the same time, the splicing process is stopped. If such error message does not appear on the screen, check the condition of cross section through a naked eye inspection. Refer to below illustration. If one of below conditions is observed, remove the fiber from the equipment and place a new optical fiber. These conditions will cause a wrong splicing result.




- ② The fibers of which inspection has been completed are arranged clad to clad. Measured clad values can be displaced on the screen.

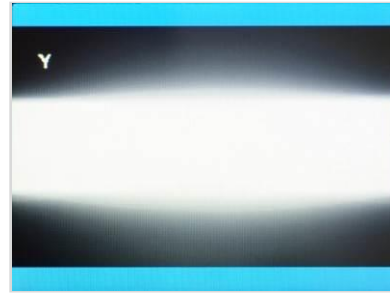


- The limit value of optical fiber cleave angle can be adjusted.
- If you want to proceed to next stage, press  button despite the error message about cleave angle.
- The cleave angle, clad axis deviation and core axis deviation can be hidden on the screen during arc fusion splicing.

- ③ Once the alignment of fibers is completed, arc-discharge for splicing fibers is carried out.



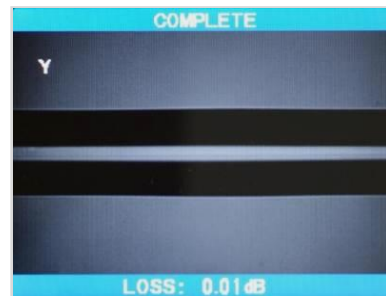
Arc-discharge starts when  button is pressed after completing the alignment in case that the splicing is carried out step by step.




- ④ The splice loss value is measured after arc fusion splicing is displayed on the screen. The value is affected by the condition of error elements.

Measured cleave angle or calculated splice loss value is bigger than pre-set limit value, an error message appears on the screen.

An error message is displayed on the screen when an abnormal condition in spliced fiber such as too thick, thin or bubbles is discovered. It is recommended to conduct the splice process again if the result observed by a naked eye inspection through the monitor is not satisfactory although no error message has appeared on the screen.



- Sometimes, spliced point looks fatter or bigger than other part. This is normal result of splicing and doesn't affect splice loss.
- Refer to Menu section of service manual to adjust the limit values of measured splice loss or cleave angle.

Sometimes, splice loss could be enhanced by conducting additional arc-discharge. Press  button to carry out additional arc-discharge. Calculating splice loss and checking splice result are carried out again.

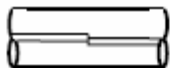


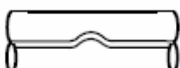

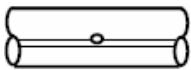




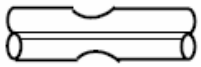

Connection loss can be worse due to additional discharges. You can set additional discharge as OFF or limit the number of discharges.



It is crucial to maintain V-groove in a clean condition prior to conducting splicing operation.

Splice loss increase: reasons and corrective measures.

Symptoms	Caused by	Corrected by
Clad deviation 	dust in V-groove or the chip of core wire guide	cleaning V-groove or the chip of core wire guide
Clad angle 	dust in V-groove or the chip of core wire guide	cleaning V-groove or the chip of core wire guide
	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
Clad deformation 	dust in V-groove or the chip of core wire guide	cleaning V-groove or the chip of core wire guide
Clad flexion 	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
	too low amount or short time of initial arc-discharge	increasing the amount and time of initial arc-discharge.
Burned 	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
	dust still remaining after cleaning the fiber or conducting cleaning discharge.	cleaning carefully the fiber or increasing the arc-discharge time.
Bubbles 	bad condition of the cross section of fiber	checking whether fiber cleaver is working properly.
	too low amount or short time of initial arc-discharge.	increasing the amount and (or) time of initial arc-discharge.
Separation 	too high amount or long time of initial arc-discharge.	increasing the area that is overlapped.
		decreasing the amount and (or) time of initial arc-discharge.
Too thick 	too long fiber length.	adjusting the length not to cause the overlap of optical fiber.

 <p>Too thin</p>	improper discharge amount.	conducting discharge amount calibration.
	a few improper discharge factors.	adjusting initial discharge amount, initial discharge time and overlapped area.
 <p>Line</p>	several number of improper discharge factors.	adjusting initial discharge amount, initial discharge time and overlapped area.



When making a connection with multi-mode optical fiber or other kinds of optical fiber, a vertical line is sometimes presented on the connection point. This does not affect the connection loss.

Saving splice result

Splice result can be saved by following procedure.



The result can be saved up 2000; 2001st result will overlap the 1st result.

Automatic save of splice result; however, notes are not entered.

Splice result is automatically saved in the memory by pressing SET or RESET key or opening wind cover when splice is completed in the final screen.

9. Removing Spliced Fiber



- ① Open sleeve heater cover.
- ② Open wind cover.
- ③ Fix the spliced optical fiber with the clamp.
- ④ Open the holder cover both on the right and the left and remove the spliced optical fiber with caution.
- ⑤ Make the removed optical fiber stand as in the picture and move the sleeve tube to splicing part with caution not to make optical fiber bent or cut.



You should hold on to the optical fiber until moving it to the sleeve heater.



10. Placing a sleeve tube into the sleeve heater



Φ250, Φ900 type

: Place sleeve tube in the middle of sleeve heater and fix it by pushing it down.
Close heater cover.

SOC type

: Insert into the right side of the sleeve heater and close heater cover.

11. Heating Sleeve Tube


- ① Place the fiber which has been inserted into sleeve tube into heater.





- ② Place optical fiber – in which sleeve tube is put – on the sleeve heater. To make heater cover automatically closed when putting on sleeve heater, put the optical fiber while being hung upon the heater lever.




- It is crucial to set the splice point to be in the middle of sleeve tube.
- Place the guide inside the sleeve tube to be set underneath.

- ③ Press  key to start tube heating.
HEAT LED (Green) is turned off when tube heating is completed.

 Tube heating can be aborted by pressing  key.

- ④ Take out the protected fiber from the heater after opening the heater cover.

 Sleeve tube could be stuck to the bottom of the heater. Use a cotton swab to separate the sleeve tube from the heater.

- ⑤ Always examine the final sleeve tube to check whether there are bubbles, residue or dust in the sleeve tube.

Order of Operation (Heating Sleeve)

- ① As shown in the picture below, apply power to the control panel and open the cover of the heater to prepare.

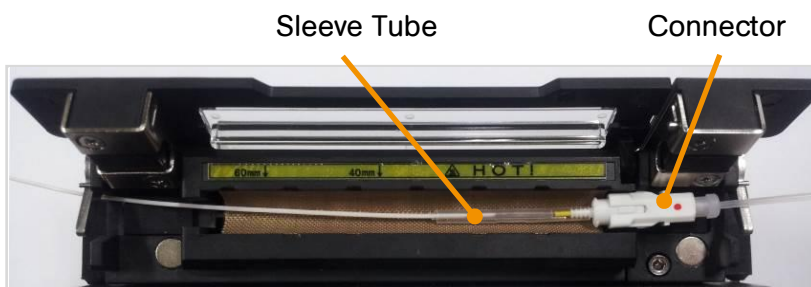


<Control Panel>



<Heating Sleeve>

- ② Set the sleeve tube to the area of arc-fused fiber that needs to be reinforced and place the fiber inside the heater.
The SOC type should be set to the right-most position so that sleeve tube moves the heater as closely as possible.
For the connector type, change the heater cover for connector use and then place the sleeve tube on the right end so that sleeve tube can be as close to the heater as possible.
Insert the connector lengthwise.



- ③ Activate the heater after placing the fiber. Approximately in 30 seconds after operation of sleeve heater, sleeve tube is cooled.



<Control Panel>



<Φ250 type>



<Φ900 type>



<SOC type>

- ④ Open the cover when cooling is completed and take out the reinforced fiber.



<Φ250 type>



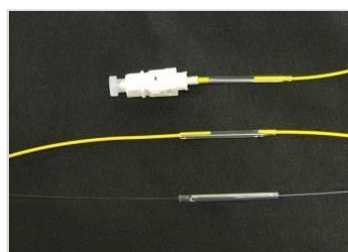
<Φ900 type>



<SOC type>



<Cooling tray>



<SOC type>

<Φ900 type>

<Φ250 type>

- ⑤ Assemble connectors upon which cooling is completed to make a finish.

VI. Splicer Maintenance

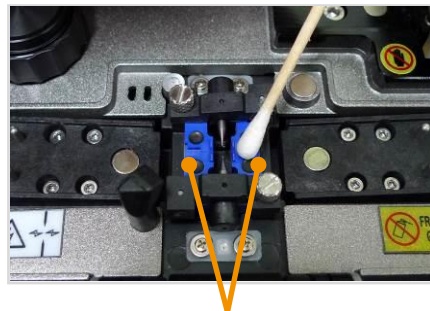
1. Cleaning and checking prior to splicing

Refer to following instruction on the important cleaning positions and maintenance.

V-groove cleaning

Foreign substances in the V-groove will hinder proper setting of fiber causing a high splice loss rate. Therefore, the condition of V-groove needs to be examined frequently and it should be cleaned in a regular manner. The way to clean V-groove is presented below.

- ① Open wind cover.
- ② Clean the bottom of V-groove with a cotton swab wet in alcohol. Remove remaining alcohol with a clean and dry cotton swab.



V-Groove



- Be careful not to touch the tip of electrode.
 - Do not apply too much strength when cleaning V-groove. It could be damaged.
- ③ If foreign substance in V-groove cannot be removed with a cotton swab wet in alcohol, use the tip of cut optical fiber and repeat the second stage again.

Prism cleaning

When the prism gets stained, position of clad on optical fiber is inaccurately recognized and high connection loss is caused. Prism is cleaned as follows.

- ① Clean the surface of the prism with a lens cleaner.
Remove remaining alcohol on the surface of the prism with clean and cotton swab.



- ② Prism should be maintained in a clear condition without lines or stains.

2. Regular maintenance and cleaning

In order to maintain a high splice quality of arc fusion splicer, inspection and cleaning should be carried out in a regular manner.

Object lens cleaning

When surface of the object lens gets stained, the position of clad is inaccurately observed and, consequently, high connection loss is caused and splice connector operates abnormally. Therefore, two object lenses should be regularly cleaned. The object lens is cleaned as follows.

- ③ Turn off the power of the equipment before cleaning the lenses always.
- ④ Clean gently the surface of the lenses (X and Y axis) with a lens cleaner. In case of using a cotton swab, clean from the middle of a lens and move to the spiral edge by circling the surface. Remove remaining alcohol on the mirror surface with a clean and dry cotton.



- Remove electrodes prior to cleaning an object lens.
 - Be careful not to touch the tip of electrode while cleaning an object lens.
 - Do not use organic solvents such as acetone to clean an object lens.
- ⑤ The surface of lens should be maintained in a clear condition without lines or stains.
 - ⑥ The surface condition should be checked on the monitor screen if there is any line or stain after turning on the machine. Verify the condition in X and Y screen by changing the screen by pressing X/Y key.

Prism replacement

If you cannot clean the surface of the prism or remove stains by cleaning, the prism needs to be replaced.

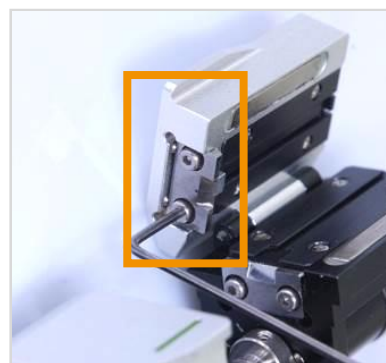
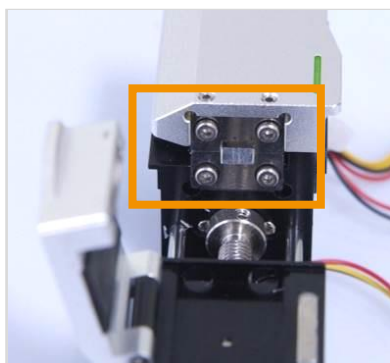
- ① Turn off the power.
- ② Open wind cover. Detach the prism with a phillips screwdriver.
- ③ Clean the prism.
- ④ Turn on the power and check whether there are lines or stains through the monitor screen. Verify the condition in X and Y screen by changing the screen by pressing X/Y key.



Be careful that the prism is not scratched or stained.

3. Auto Stripper maintenance

- ① Remove worn out blade by unscrewing fixed bolts as shown below picture, and move the slide part to the left hand side.



- ② Place new blade in the reverse manner of removing.
(Two blades as a pair at top and bottom)
For the perfect setting and fine stripping, there should be no cracks when the top and bottom blades make contact.

Handling and storage

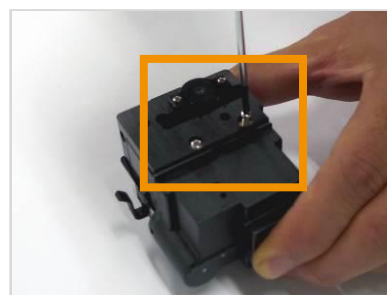
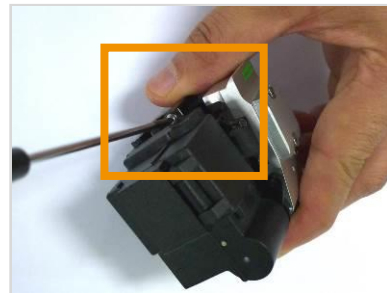
- Be careful of using, handling or storing principal parts including blades, heater, etc as they are closely related to the equipment's operation life.
- Do not apply unnecessary weight or physical impact in handling the equipment.
- Keep the principal parts of the equipment in a clean condition always.
- Keep it clean and in a case when not using, which will increase the life of the equipment.

4. Cleaver maintenance

- 1 to 16 channel (cleave positions) is marked on a blade.
- If a blade does not cut fiber properly, clean the edge and top and bottom rubber pads of the blade with a cotton swab wet in alcohol
(Do not use acetone or solvent to clean the rubber pads.)
- If the life of the blade is almost over, fiber may not be cleaved clean. In that case, change the blade channel or replace with new one.

1) The change of blade channel (cleave position)

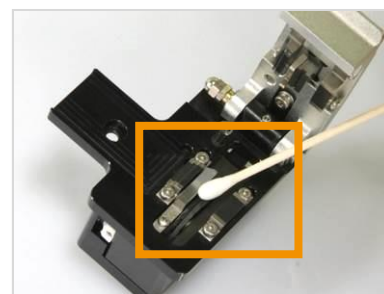
- ① Detach the automatic cleaver from the SWIFT F1+ body using a hexagon wrench as shown below picture.
- ② Remove the Chip-Box using a hexagonal wrench as in the figure. (Optional)



- ③ Open the cover and push the slider forward. When the slider is fixed, loosen the set screw a little bit (about 2 turns) with a hexagon wrench.



- ④ Turn the number on markings of blade by one click counterclockwise with a cotton swab. Fixing: reverse order.



2) Blade replacement

- ① As shown below picture, loosen the set screw at the side of the cleaver detached from the body a little bit (around 2 turns) with a wrench.



- ② Insert a wrench into the hole at the bottom of the cleaver and loosen the Setscrew of the slider a little bit (about 2 turns). At this point, the slider has to be moved backward.



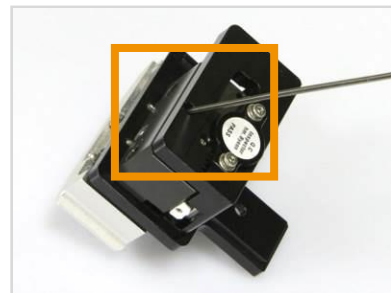
- ③ Insert the wrench bolt into the cam pin and pull it with tweezers and detach the slider.



- ④ Be careful not to damage the blade. Assemble the part in the reverse manner. Tighten the set-screw firmly.

3) Adjustment of blade height

- ① Insert a wrench into the hole at the bottom of the cleaver and loosen the set screw of the slider a little bit (about 2 turns). At this point, the slider has to be moved backward.



- ② Adjust the blade height by turning Cam Pin with a flat-head screwdriver.
Clockwise turning: going upward
Counter clock wise turning: going downward

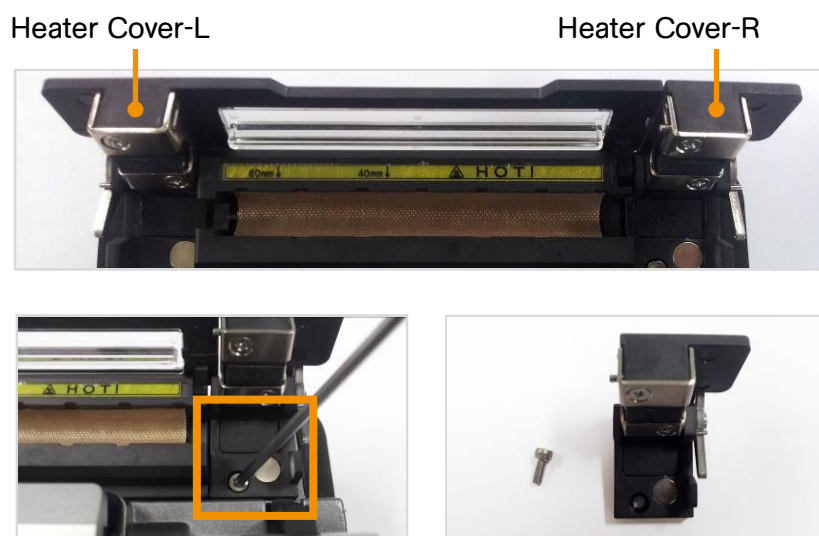


- ③ When the blade reaches required position, tighten the set-screw of the slider. Thoroughly and accurately set the height using a gauge because the height directly effects the cleave quality of fiber.

5. Sleeve Heater maintenance

1) Replacement & Adjustment of Sleeve Heater Block, Lever Block

Sleeve Heater Assembly is as picture.



2) The Choice of Heater Block / Lever Block by fiber type



< Heater Block-R assembly
– 250, 900, 2.0~ 4.0mm Indoor Cable >



< Heater Block-R-C assembly
– SC/ FC/ ST/ LC Connector >

- ※ SWIFT F1+ basic assembling: Heater Block-R-C assembly
- SWIFT F1+ components: Heater Block-R assembly

3) Handling and storage

- Be careful in using, handling or storing principal parts including blades, heater, etc as they are closely related to the life of the equipment.
- Do not apply unnecessarily weight or physical impact in handling the equipment.
- Keep the principal parts of the equipment in a clean condition always.
- Keep it clean and in a case when not using, which will increase the life of the equipment.

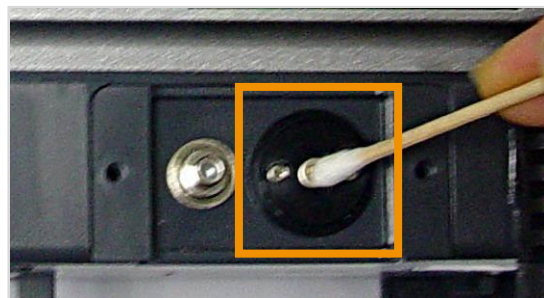
6. Optical Power Modules maintenance

1) SWIFT F1+ Optical Power Meter

- ① Block foreign substances with metal cap on when not being used.

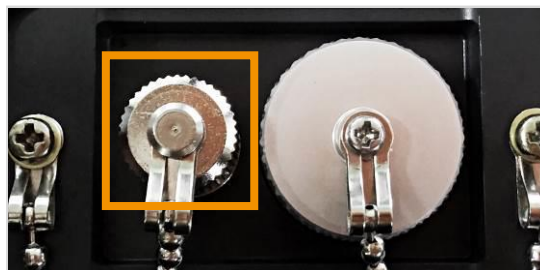


- ② When the surface of photo diode of Optical Power Meter (receiver) is contaminated, clean the photo diode surface with cotton swab and alcohol and then clean it with cotton swab again which is not moistened with alcohol.



2) SWIFT F1+ disconnection checker

- ① Stay metal cap locked to block foreign substances when not in use.



- ② Check and store the unit with 'VFL OFF' to prevent light emission.



- ③ When ferrule in disconnection checker contaminated, clean up ferrule inside with alcohol drenched cotton swab and wipe it again with dry cotton swab.



VII. Menu

1. Splice Mode

The optimized settings for an accurate optical fiber splicing are composed of following splice elements which rely on the combination of fibers and differences of each fiber.

- Elements to adjust discharge and heating
- Elements to calculate estimated loss
- Elements to align fibers and adjust splicing process
- Limit values which are used for generating an error message

The connection mode for the best combination of optical fiber is already saved. These elements are saved on database and can be used through copying on the user program part. These connection elements can be edited for accurate combination of optical fiber.

Database

Splice Mode	Description
FERRULE SM/NZ/ DS/MM	This mode automatically carries out optical fiber splicing based on the observation of the core profile of fibers. The adjustment of discharge amount by the user is not allowed.
SM	For the splice of basic single mode fibers. The value of MFD is 9~ 10um in 1310nm wavelength.
NZ	For the splice of NZDS and WDM optical fibers. The value of MFD is 9~ 10um in 1550nm wavelength.
DS	For the splice of DS optical fibers. The value of MFD is 7~ 9um in near 1550nm wavelength.
MM	For the splice of multi-mode optical fibers. Core diameter : 50.0 ~ 62.5um
AT1/AT2	Attenuation splice
Others	Splice modes other than mentioned above in database of the unit. New splice modes will be added. For more detailed information on available splice modes, please contact the manufacturer.

Selection of a splice mode

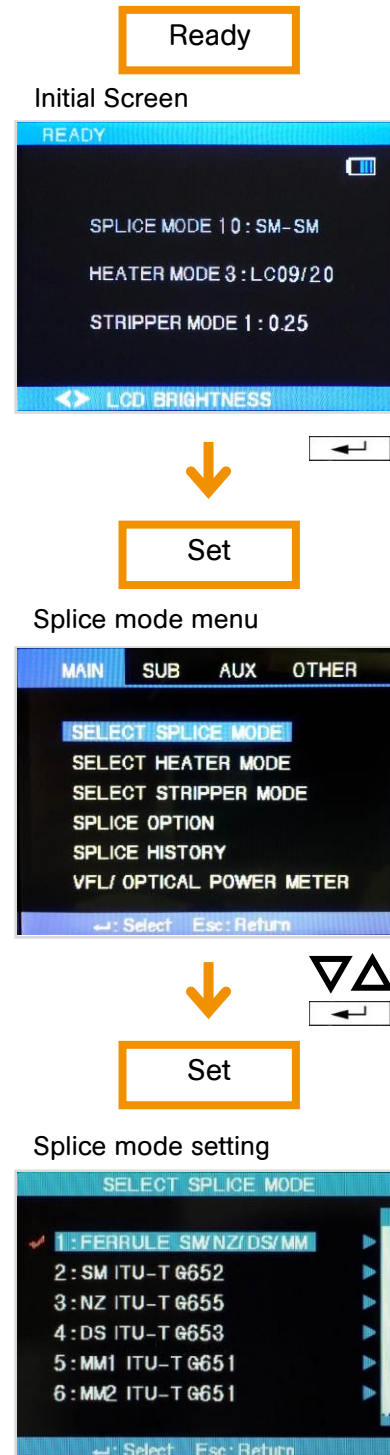
Select an appropriate splice based on the type of the optical fiber to be spliced.

- ① Press ENTER key on the initial screen to open menu
When splice mode is selected, available splice modes are displayed.

- ② Use up or down key to move and select a splice mode by pressing ENTER key.



To leave Select Splice Mode, press ESC key.



Generation or removal of a splice mode

[Generation of a splice mode]

Initially 9 splice modes are saved in the unit and other modes are presented as a blank.

Select a blank splice mode, press right direction arrow and then, push ENTER key. The types of fiber are displayed. Select one of them to copy. Press ENTER key two times to execute it. Check the name and type of the fiber in the designated splice mode and press ESC key.

Select BLANK
in [SELECT SPLICE MODE]



SELECT SPLICE MODE



Set

[Removal of a splice mode]

A splice mode can be removed. Follow below instruction.

- ① Select a splice mode and press right direction arrow to move to the edit menu of splice modes. Select the type of fiber by pressing ENTER key.
- ② Select "0:BLANK" and press ENTER key.

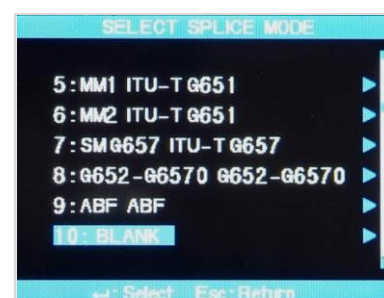


- Mode number 1 ~ 9 cannot be deleted.
- Mode number 1 is automatically selected after completing the removal of a splice mode.

Select the type of optical fiber
in [SELECT SPLICE MODE]



Edit splice mode



Mode removal

Edit of reference or splice mode

Splice elements composing each splice mode can be modified. Amount and time of discharge, which are the most important two factors, can be modified by following way.

- ① Move the cursor to modify a splice mode in splice mode edit menu. Press right direction arrow to open splice mode edit.
- ② Move the cursor using up or down key to change elements.
- ③ Press ENTER to select an element and use left or right key to change the value of the element. Modified value can be saved by pressing ENTER.

Selection of splice mode edit



Splice mode edit



Splice elements of AUTO, SM, DS, MM and NZ modes are presented as follows;

Limited number of elements as presented below is displayed on the screen in such modes as automatic, SM, DS, MM and NZ for the sake of a simple running. An adequate value is set in the factory for other elements which have not been shown on the screen.

Parameter	Description
Fiber type	Displays the list of splice modes saved in database. The mode selected among the modes saved in database is copied to the splice mode in the user's program region.
Splice method 1	The title of splice method is described in 11 characters.
Splice method 2	Detailed explanation of splice mode is described in 11 characters. Titles are presented in Splice Edit Mode
Cleave angle	An error message appears when the cleave angle of the right or left end of optical fiber is bigger than pre-defined limit value.
Loss rate	An error message appears when the estimated splice loss value is bigger than pre-defined limit value.
Discharge amount	The amount of arc discharge has been set to each mode.
Discharge time	The time of arch discharge has been set to each mode. It is automatically decided according to fiber type when automatic mode is selected.
Cleaning discharge time	Clearing discharge is carried out for a short period of time to burn fine dust on the surface of fiber. The running time of clearing discharge can be changed by modifying this element.
Re-discharge time	Some cases of splice loss could be enhanced by carrying out additional re-discharging. The running time of re-discharge can be changed by modifying this element.

Modification of splice mode


Splice mode edit is used for users to set various splice modes that suit each individual work environment. The use and function of various parameters are explained below.

Parameter	Description
Fiber type	Splice mode list saved in the arc fusion splicer's database is displayed on the screen. The user can select a mode suitable for use. Copies, edits and then utilizes a connection mode similar to ones saved on database.
Mode title 1	A splice mode is described in maximum 11 characters.
Mode title 2	Composed of maximum 11 characters, mode title 2 provides a more detailed explanation of a splice mode. It can be found in [Splice Mode].
Alignment	Sets fiber alignment method. "Core": Aligns fibers to the core position of both fibers. "Clad": Aligns fibers to the central position of clad.
Tensile strength test	If [Tensile Strength] is set to ON, a test is carried out when wind cover is opened after pressing SET.
Cleave angle range	Sets the error range of cleave angle. An error message appears when one of or both right and left cleave angle is measured to be bigger than the pre-set range limit.
Loss range	Sets the error range of estimated loss. An error message appears when an estimated loss is bigger than the pre-set range limit.
Limit of fiber angle	An error message would be seen (popped) up when two connected optical fibers' cutting angle exceeds the predetermined limitations.
Clearing discharge time	A short discharge is carried out to rid fine dust on the surface of the fiber. The clearing time can be set at this parameter.
Interval	Sets the cross section interval between right and left during alignment and initial discharge period.
Central position	Sets the fiber position to the center of discharge. If MFD size of optical fiber is different each other, left & right, connection loss can be improved by moving the central position.

Initial discharge amount	Sets the amount of discharge from the beginning of charge to the movement of the fiber. If initial discharge amount is too low, it will result in bad cross section angle causing the offset of an axis. On the other hand, if is too high, splice loss rate increases due to too much burning or rounded shape of the fiber.
Initial discharge time	It is time from are discharge to right before the moment which optical fiber moves forward. The longer the initial discharge time is, the higher amount of initial discharge is.
Overlapping	Sets the amount of fibers' overlapping. It is recommended to set [Overlapping] rather shorter when [Initial discharge amount] is weak or [Initial discharge time] is shorter; however, it should be set to bigger when the amount or time is stronger or longer, respectively.
Discharge 1	Primary discharge can be adjusted in two stages. The first stage is discharge 1 and second is discharge 2. The first stage is set at this parameter.
Discharge time 1	Sets the time of discharge 1.
Discharge 2	Sets the second stage of discharge.
Discharge time 2	Sets the time of second discharge. Normally [Discharge 2] is set to OFF. Discharge time 1 and 2 longer than 30 seconds could damage discharge unit although it could be set to very long time.
Discharge time ON	Sets the ON time of Discharge 2. The discharge time should be set to ON to carry out re-discharge.
Discharge time OFF	Sets the time duration of Discharge 2's OFF. Sometimes, re-discharge could be halted when Discharge 2 is stopped. If a continuous re-discharge is required, set this parameter to OFF.
Re-discharge time	Sets re-discharge time. The same amount of re-discharge as [Discharge amount 2] is automatically set in [Splice Mode Edit]. The ON or OFF setting of Re-discharge is automatically decide by the setting of Discharge.
Pulling splice	Sometimes, the splice loss rate increases when the fiber becomes thinner. This function has set to ON. The shape of pulling is decided by following three parameters.
Waiting time until pulling	Sets the time from the end of fiber moving to the beginning of pulling the fiber.
Pulling speed	Sets the speed of pulling the fiber.
Pulling time	Sets the time duration of pulling the fiber.
Deviation	The minimum value of actual splice loss should be set to reconcile an actual splice loss value and estimated one.

[Mode Title Insert / Footnotes / Password]

Character list is displayed when selecting Mode Title / Footnote / Password

① Select necessary letters using  and press ENTER key to confirm the selection.



② Once character input is completed, move the cursor the [FINISH] and press Enter key.

If a correct password is entered, the screen moves to next menu; however, if an incorrect one is input, the entered password is displayed again and screen moves to previous display.

2. Heater Mode

A Heater has 12(configurable) modes.

The most suitable heater mode needs to be selected before using a protection sleeve.

For different sleeve tubes, an operator could utilize the best mode. The reference of this mode can be found in database. The user can put a mode into the user's program after editing and copying or can edit in user program mode.



Heater mode selection

Selects the most appropriate heater mode for the fiber protection sleeve in use

- ① [Heater Mode Selection] menu is displayed when [Heater Mode Selection] is selected in main menu.

Heater mode selection



- ② Select a heater mode  using  cursor and press ENTER key to set.






Heater mode selection

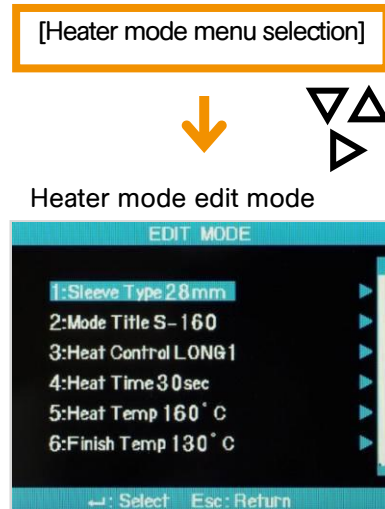


Selection

Heater mode modification

The heater mode menu saved in heater mode can be changed.

- ① Select Edit mode in [Heater Mode Selection] menu using the cursor. [Heater Mode Edit] is displayed when  is pressed.
- ② Use  or  to move the cursor to the setting of a parameter to change and press Enter key.
- ③ Move to the mode to use by pressing  or  and press ENTER key.



Parameters	Description
Sleeve type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sleeve type selection • All the contents in heater mode list are displayed. • Users can either copy program mode or select from the list.
Method name 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heater mode title is displayed at the right bottom on the screen during splicing and heating. • Maximum characters: 5
Method name 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes the heater mode in the [Sleeve Type] screen. • Max characters: 13
Heater adjustment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sets heater adjustment sequence. • LONG 1: Use of 60mm protection sleeve. • LONG 2: Cut by 8mm and use 600mm sleeve tube. • MIDDLE: Use of 40mm protection sleeve • MICRO 1: Use of micro sleeve for the fiber of which external diameter is 900μm. • MICRO 2: 34mm micro sleeve or a little longer sleeve • MICRO 3: 34mm micro sleeve or a little shorter sleeve
Heating time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sets heater time • Heating time is automatically adjusted depending on the surrounding temperature. Heater time could be set to be longer or shorter than the time set in [Heater Time].
Heater temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sets heater temperature.
Ending temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sets finishing temperature. • Sleeve can be removed after finishing heating.



- Do not set longer than 200 seconds of high temperature (over 150°C) heating time.
- Do not continuously use the heater.

3. Stripper Mode

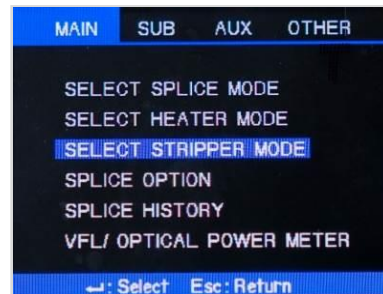
There are six stripper modes.

Since the types of fibers are varied, select the most suitable stripper mode should be selected.

Stripper mode selection

- ① [Select Stripper Mode] is selected in [Main Menu] to display stripper modes.

Stripper mode selection



- ② Select the stripper mode ◀ ▶ cursor and set with ENTER key.

Stripper mode selection



Selection

Edit Stripper Mode

The stripper settings saved in stripper mode can be changed.

- ① Select edit mode within [Stripper mode selection] menu using cursor.
[Stripper mode edit] is displayed upon pressing cursor.

[Stripper mode selection]



Stripper mode edit



- ② Press to move cursor for parameter setting to be changed and select ENTER key.

- ③ Move to the mode to be used with cursors and select ENTER key.

Parameters	Description
Modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Matching the sorts of optical fiber • All stripping lists are displayed. • The user may copy or chose program mode required or wanted.
Stripping time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As stripping time can be selected between 0sec ~ 15.0sec, select proper one for optical fiber sheath.
Stripping temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set stripping temperature.

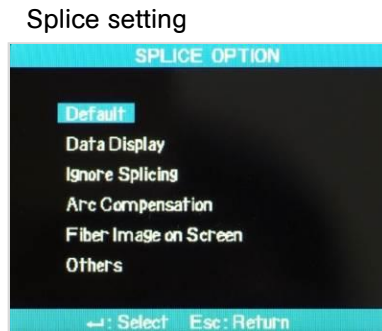
4. Optional Splice Function

Allows setting general parameters of every mode for splicing and tube heater operation.

- ① Select [Splice Option] in main menu to display menu list for splice on the screen.



- ② Users are allowed changing some of the parameters.



- ③ Use ◀ or ▶ key to select required value and press ENTER key to confirm the selection.

Menu setting

Parameters	Description
Auto Run	Automatic splice is carried out when “Auto Run” is set to ON. The splicing process is carried out automatically when wind cover is closed after placing fibers into the equipment.
Pause 1	If “Pause 1” is set to ON, the splicing operation is stopped after completing the fibers interval setting. The splicing is resumed when SET button is pressed. Cleave angle is displayed during pause time.
Pause 2	If “Pause 1” is set to ON, the splicing operation is stopped after completing the fibers alignment. The arc-discharge splicing is resumed when Arc button is pressed.
Data Display	
Cleave angle	If it is set to ON, the right and left cleave angles of the fiber are measured and displayed on the screen.
Axis deviation	If it is set to ON, the measured values of alignment deviation of core and clad are displayed.

5. Splice Result Saving

This equipment has memory space in which 2000 splice results can be saved.

Splice result display

Splice results saved in the memory can be displayed, added and edited.



Saved data can be downloaded to PC.

① Select [Splice Memory] in main menu.

Splice result saving



② Select [Data Display]. And find a required item among displayed splice results. Press ENTER key.

Splice result setting



③ Move the cursor to the memory number of the data to be displayed to set a memory number.

- When data is displayed on the screen, press ENTER key again.
- Press **▶** to open [Move to]. Set a memory number and press ENTER key.



④ Splice result data is displayed on the screen.



Deleting splice result


A part of or an entire splice result saved in the memory can be deleted.

- ① Select [Clear Memory] in [Splice Memory] to display menu for deleting splice results.

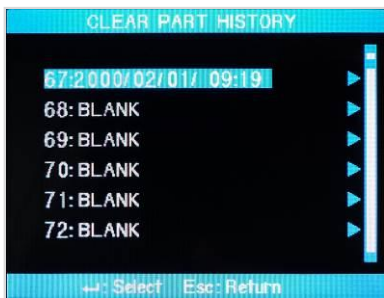
[Clearing entire splice results]

- ② Move to [Clear All Data] and press ENTER key. Yes or No selection appears.
- ③ If ENTER key is pressed one more time, entire splice results are removed

[Clearing a part of splice results]

- ② Select [Clear Part Memory] and press ENTER key to move to [Clear Part Memory] menu.
- ③ Set the range of data (from the start number to the last number to be removed) using  and press ENTER key to delete those selected ones. The empty space after clearing is filled with the first data coming after the last data deleted.

Select [Splice Memory]

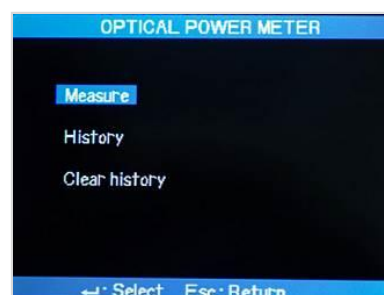


6. VFL/OPTICAL POWER METER

1) SWIFT F1+ optical power meter

- ① Select Main menu → Optical power meter / VFL → Optical power meter → Measure menu as shown in the figure.

Upon pressing ESC key on the start-up screen, it directly moves to screen of Optical power meter / VFL selection.

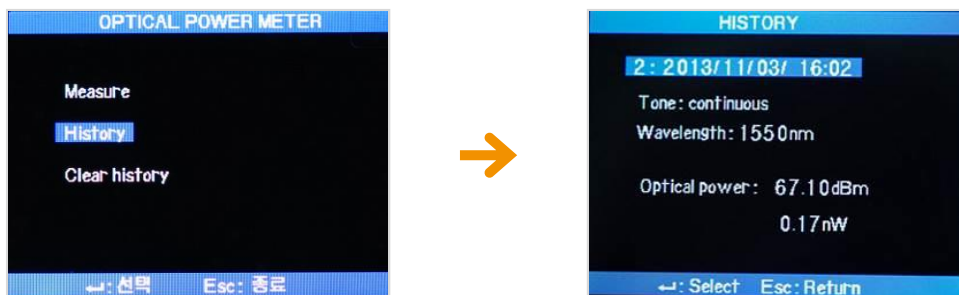


- Tone: Displaying frequency of light source
- Continuous: State turned on at all times without frequency of light source
- Others: Displaying the corresponding frequency (270, 330, 1K, 2K by unit of Hz)
- Wavelength: Displaying wavelength of light source
- Optical power: Displaying power of light source, marking default dBm and mW
- dBm/dB: Selecting which of dBm or dB to be used in displaying power of light source
Upon marking with dB, the reference is also marked simultaneously.
- Save: Saving measured values of light source that are currently being measured
- Ref.(Reference) : Setting reference value upon marking with dB
- W/L(Wavelength): Making changes on wavelength of light source
- Menu moved with left and right keys and operation performed with the enter key

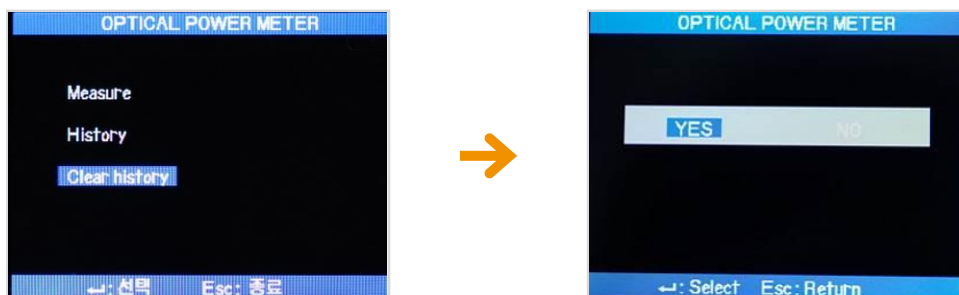
- ② Measure the quantity of light by linking up the connector to the adapter of optical power meter as shown in the figure (picture).



- ③ Follow the order below to check out measurement data.
Optical Power Meter → History



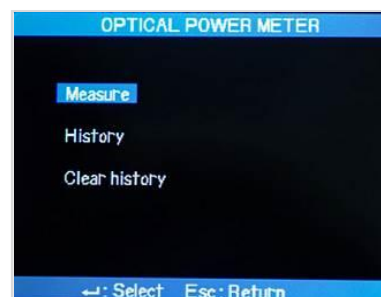
- ④ To delete saved measurement data, please follow the order below.
Optical Power Meter → Clear History → Yes



2) SWIFT F1+ disconnection checker


- ① Select Main menu → Optical power meter / VFL → VFL menu as shown in the figure.

Press ESC button on the start-up screen, it directly moves to you see the screen of Optical power meter / VFL selection.



- ② Link up the connector to the disconnection checker adapter, and make sure VFL is “ON”
Then, check out if the fiber is connected or not.



- ※ SWIFT F1+ shortcut key: On Main Menu, press  key once → VFL on, press the same key twice → Toggle, 3 times → off.

- ③ On Toggle status, modulation is activated with 2~ 3 Hz.
- ④ Make sure to return to VFL Off status after disconnection checker use.



Be careful not to directly see the light output from disconnection checker with naked eye as it could cause blindness.

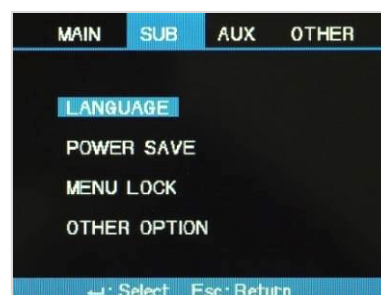


	<p>MAX Power: 1 mW Wavelength: 650±20 nm Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated 7/2001.</p> <p>LASER RADIATION DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT</p>	<p>This product conforms to Class 2 laser safety standard and it is with this safety label being attached. It is hazardous to look directly into laser with naked eye.</p>
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VIII. Sub-menu

This menu is composed of a set of sub menu, each of which controls detailed function of the equipment.

- ① Press ENTER key and cursor to move sub-menu.
- ② Each setting can be selected and modified.



1. Language

Language change

- ① Select Language in sub-menu and press ENTER key.
- ② Select required language format and press ENTER key.



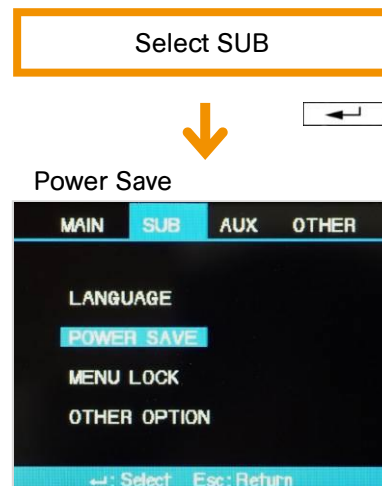
2. Power Saving Function

Power saving function is essential for energy preservation. When the battery is used without setting of power saving function, the number of connections decreases so it is recommended to use power saving function.

Setting power saving function

- ① Insert power supply unit into the equipment and turn on the power.

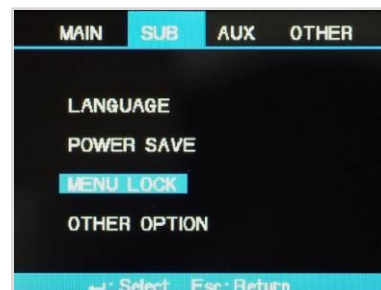
- ② Select the power save mode displayed in adjustment menu on screen when using power supply unit.



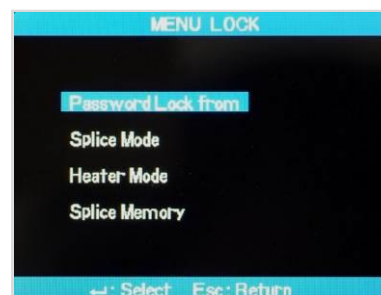
- ③ LCD monitor is automatically turned off when fusion splicer is not in use for a certain period of time. Make sure to maintain this setting while battery is being used. LCD monitor will turn on upon pressing ENTER key.

3. Menu Lock

- ① Select Menu Lock in [Sub Menu] and press ENTER Key.



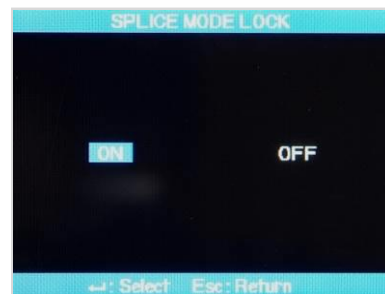
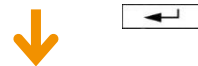
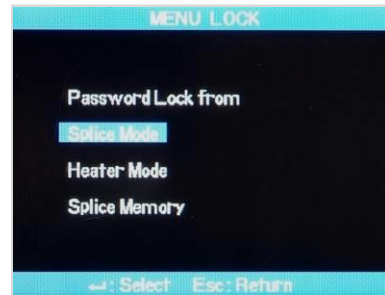
- ② Select password and press ENTER key. Create a password by moving the cursor and press finish key to set or cancel the menu lock. If you select password locked, following items cannot be modified.



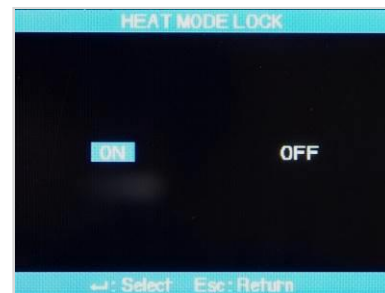
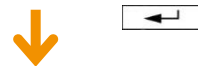
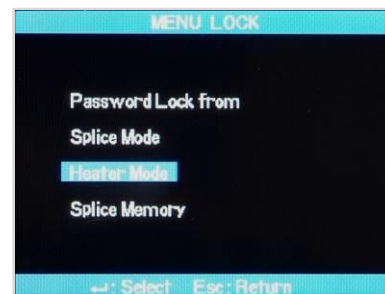
Initial password is as 0000 in the factory.



- ③ Select Splice Mode and press ENTER key. Then you will be able to set or cancel menu lock in the menu appeared.
If you choose Yes, whenever you are trying to modify parameters or settings of splice mode, "Password Locked" is displayed. The modification cannot be completed.



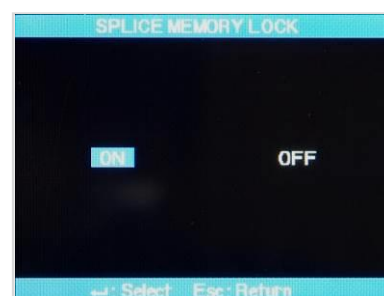
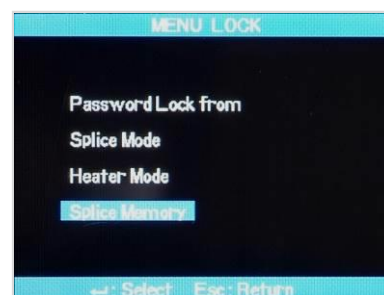
- ④ If you choose Heater Mode, the menu lock for heater mode can be set. If you choose Yes, no change in heater mode settings can be made.



- ⑤ If you choose Splice Memory and Yes, deleting splice results cannot be made.



Even if password locked is set to Yes, unless the lock of each mode is set Yes, modification of each mode is not locked.



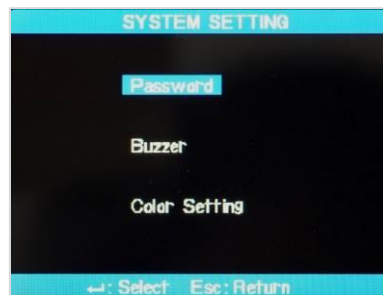
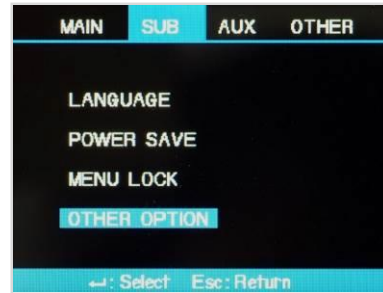
4. Other Option

In other option in sub menu, additional functions can be set.

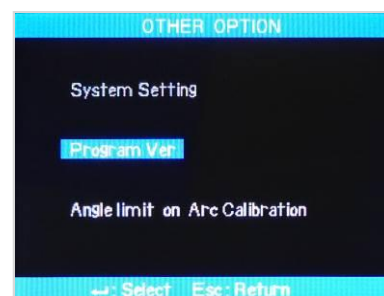
- ① Password change and buzzer sound change, theme change can be made in System Setting.



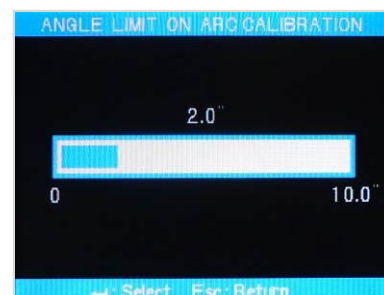
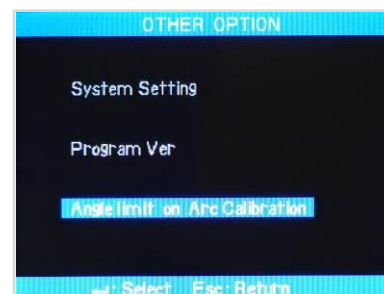
Do not forget the password you've created, if you forget it, the equipment should be sent to the factory to initialize the password.



- ② Program version shows the current version of operation program.



- ③ Anglelimit on Arc-discharge calibration, you can set limitations on angle upon calibration of discharged amount.



IX. Auxiliary menu

1. Calibration of Arc-discharge

Arc-discharge current needs to be calibrated in accordance with the changes in temperature, humidity and air pressure of surrounding area. Temperature, humidity and air pressure sensors are useful in calibrating arc-discharge depending on external conditions.

The changes of arc-discharge current caused by the wear of electrodes and fiber splicing operation are not calibrated automatically.

In addition, the central axis could be moved to either right or left side. Such case will affect the splice position of fiber, hence calibration is required.



[Arc-discharge Calibration] is a function to adjust the “properties” value of arc-discharge current. The element value is used in the operation program for splicing. In addition, calibrated value of arc-discharge current cannot be changed in splice mode.

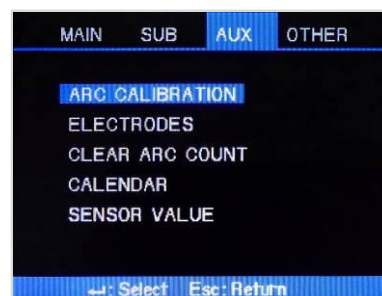
Calibration procedure

① Select [Stabilize Electrodes] in [Splice Menu] to display calibration screen.

② Place cleaved fibers into the arc fusion splicer.



- In general SM or DS type fiber is used for calibrating arc-discharge current.
- Use a clean fiber because dust on the fiber surface may affect calibration result.



- ③ Press ENTER key

Arc-discharge is carried out after aligning the fiber. The arc-discharge current can be adjusted in accordance with arc-discharge status.



Initial cleave angle is not related to the parameter “cleave loss” in splice mode. The initial cleave angle can be set independently for the purpose of controlling arc-discharge current.

- ④ When measuring is done, following result is displayed on the screen.

“Calibration complete” message

Means arc-discharge current calibration and setting splice position has been successfully completed. Press ESC key to close the function.

“Test Again” Message

Means calibration and position setting have been done but arc-discharge needs to be carried out again because huge difference occurs after calibration. Prepare a new fiber and re-conduct wind cover after pressing r key. Even if the calibration is not completed, it could be cancelled by pressing ESC key.



In general, many times of re-arc-discharge are required to get a successful result or “CALIBRATION COMPLETE” message. When there is no message of completion even after several discharges, you can presume it is completed.

Select [Stabilize Electrodes]



Arc-discharge current calibration



Completion of Arc-discharge current calibration



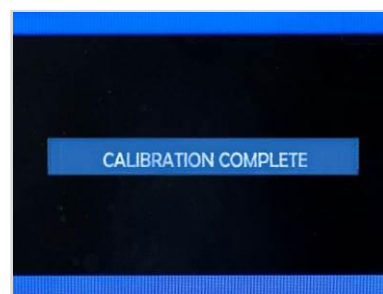
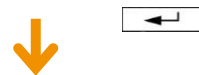
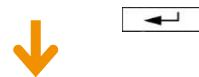
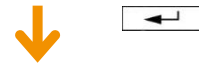
2. Electrode

1) Electrode Stabilization

Sometimes, splice loss rate grows due to unstable arc-discharge current caused by surrounding environmental factors. Users need to understand that it takes quite a time for the arc fusion splicer to generate stabilized arc-discharge when it is used in high or low position. So it is necessary to continue adjust arc-discharge current until it is stabilized. When measurement is completed, “CALIBRATION COMPLETED” message appears; it means [Arc-discharge Calibration] has been successfully completed.

Process

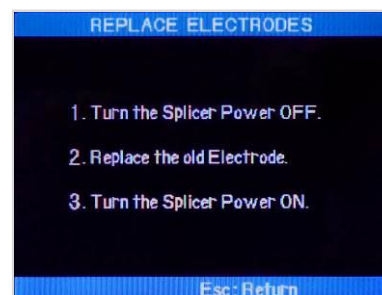
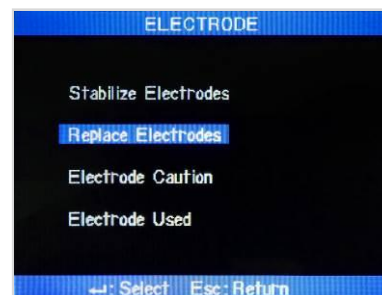
- ① Select [Stabilize Electrode].
- ② Remove the fiber optic connector in the fusion splicer.
- ③ Press ENTER key to activate electrode stabilization process.
- ④ Stabilization is completed when entire process of [Arc-discharge calibration] is done.



2) Electrode Replacement

The equipment needs to be cleaned in a regular manner as electrodes are being worn off and silica oxide particles are deposited continuously. It is recommended to set the replacement period to 2,500 times of discharge.

When the discharge count exceeds 2,500 times, a message to request for the replacement of electrodes appears. In that case, turn off the power and replace them. Continuous use of the machine without replacing electrodes will increase splice loss rate and affect the quality of spliced point.



Replacement procedure

- ① Turn off the power.
- ② Loosen the cover handle of electrode.
- ③ Carefully take out electrodes.
- ④ Clean carefully new electrodes with a cotton swab wet in alcohol and mount them to the splicer.



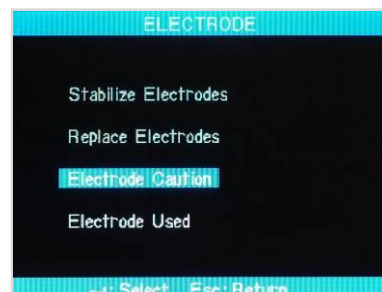
- (i) Correctly place an electrode into the V-groove of electrode base.
- (ii) Fix electrode cover by tightening screws.



- Be careful not to damage the electrodes while replacing them.
 - Turn the handle while pressing electrode cover at a correct position.
- ⑤ Turn on the power and set a fiber. Press Enter. After carrying out the calibration of arc-discharge current, repeat arc-discharge about 4 times to stabilize the new electrodes.
- ⑥ Repeat arc-discharge calibration after completing a discharge until “CALIBRATION COMPLETE” appears.

3) Electrode Caution

User can check the replacement timing through Electrode Menu



4) Electrode Used

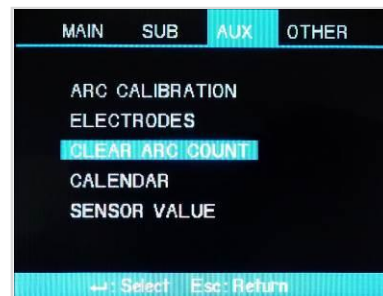
User can check the current usage count through Electrode Menu



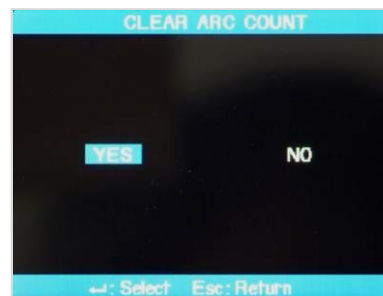
3. Clearing Arc-discharge Count

Users can clear the record of arc-discharge count.

- ① Select [Clear Arc Count].



- ② Select Yes and press ENTER key to delete the record.

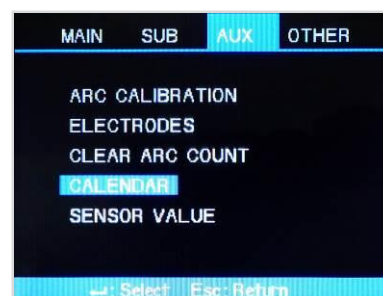


This is a function required to be done after replacing electrodes.

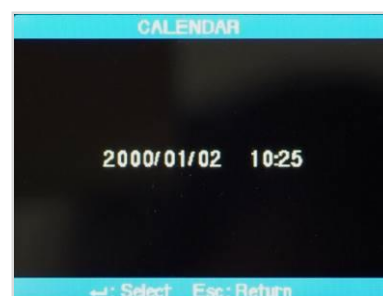
4. Date and Time Setting

Users can set the date and time when data is saved in the equipment.

- ① Select [Calendar].

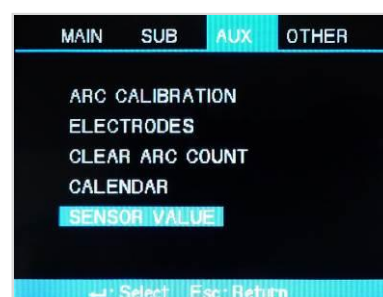


- ② The current date and time are displayed.



5. Sensor Value

Various sensors are used in the equipment to display current temperature, air pressure, humidity and battery voltage.



X. Menu Management

1. Pop-up Menu Setting

Splice mode and heater mode, which are frequently used, can be registered as a pop-up menu so that mode change to those functions can be done promptly by pressing up or down key.

→ Select necessary mode and press ENTER key to apply the selection. Press ESC key to return.

Press ▼ or ▲ key



Replacement


① Splice mode registration.

Press ENTER Key → Select Splice Mode → Move to the mode to register →



Press Key → Pop-up menu registration box appears → select necessary number using up and down keys → Press ENTER Key → Registration completed

② Heater mode registration

Press ENTER Key → Select Heater Mode → Press  Key → Pop-up menu registration box appears → select necessary number using up and down keys → Press ENTER Key → Registration completed



2. Setting Automatic Heater

It is a convenient function when continuously splice works have to be carried out. When wind cover is opened after completing a splice operation, heater is activated for a set time period.

Press ENTER Key → Main Menu → Select splice sub menu → Basic → Set or cancel by selecting ON or OFF in auto heat.

3. Setting or Cancelling Error

Users can either set or cancel errors that are not affecting splicing operation.

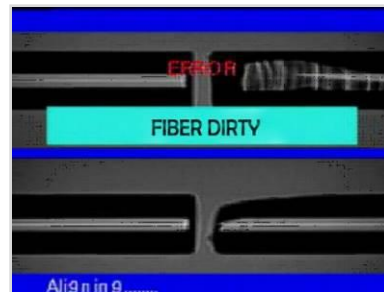
Press ENTER Key → Main Menu → Select Splice Sub Menu → Ignore Splice Error → Select ON or OFF for each item

XI. Error Message

1. FIBER DIRTY

An error message that indicates that there are foreign substances on the prepared optical fibers more than normal limit.

→ Clean the fibers and set again.



2. ALIGNMENT ERROR

An error message appears when the fibers are not placed in the middle of electrodes and V-groove or object lenses or prism is stained.



- Press Reset button and correctly re-place the fibers in the middle of electrodes and V-groove.
- Check and clean the condition of lenses and prism.

3. FIBER TOO LONG

It appears when fibers are placed too close to electrodes or LED light is not bright enough due to stains on the lenses or prism.

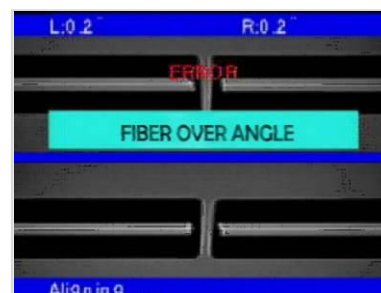
- Press Reset button and correctly re-place the fibers.
- Clean the condition of lenses and prism
- Conduct LED examination, if there is an error, contact IIsintech.



4. FIBER OVER ANGLE

It appears when the measured value of fiber cleave angle is bigger than angle limit.

- Check the condition of fiber cleaver and reset the fiber.
- Check the limit of cleave angle.



5. LOSS LIMIT OVER

It appears when the estimated loss value is bigger than loss limit.

- Check the loss limit setting.



6. FIBER THIN

It appears when the spliced part is thinner than reference value after conducting splice.

- Reduce the length to pull in the pulling splice menu.
- Check whether arc-discharge is too strong or discharge time is too long.

7. FIBER THICK

It appears when the spliced part is too thick after conducting splice.

- Reduce the overlapping setting value.
- Check whether arc-discharge is too weak or discharge time is too short.

8. Bubbles

It appears when bubbles or dots are generated on the spliced part after splicing.

- Check fiber cleaver.
- Clean V-Groove.
- Check electrodes.

XII. Problem solving

After splicing, if loss rate is too big or any abnormal results are discovered, do as instructed below;

1. Loss rate is too big

- ① It could be caused by dust or foreign substances on the surface of fiber.
 - Sufficiently clean the surface of fiber.
 - Do not clean the fiber after cutting to prevent the cross section being stained.
 - Do not slide the fiber in to V-groove.
 - Set the fiber at the V-groove by placing it vertically.

- ② Foreign substances in V-groove will hinder a correct alignment.
 - Maintain V-Groove and fiber holder in a clean condition at all times.

- ③ Bad electrode condition
 - An electrode has to be replaced if it is worn off or its tip is bent or contaminated.

- ④ Improper arc-discharge current or discharge time
 - Check the discharge current and time and set it again to a proper value.
 - Initial setting values are the most optimized settings.

- ⑤ Incorrect splice mode
 - Check whether a proper splice mode for a specific fiber type has been selected.

2. Abnormal Splicing Operation

- ① Alignment operation is continued
 - Open wind cover and close it again.
 - When abnormal alignment operation continues, open the wind breaking cover or press the Reset button, turn the power off and then contact IIsintech.

- ② “Optical fiber is too long” error occurs continuously.
 - Press the Reset button, turn the power off and then contact IIsintech.

XIII. Other Menu

1. Self-Diagnosis Test

The operational status of the functions of SWIFT F1+ can be tested by a simple self-diagnosis test.

Procedure

- ① Place a fiber into the SWIFT F1+ and select [Self Diagnosis] in the menu.
Check following matters

	Item	Description
1	LED test	Check the brightness of LED.
2	Motor test	Check the operational condition of each motor.
3	Dust test	Check whether there are foreign substances or dust on the fiber surface.

- ② The result of the test is displayed on the screen. If dust test result is not good, there is a possibility of splicing error in spite of cleaning the lens. If it happens, contact IISintech. Dust test and LED test are located in [Other Menu].

2. Dust Test

Users can observe the fiber through visual processing. Dust or stains on the camera lenses or wind cover prism could cause a wrong splice result by hindering normal observation of the fiber.

This function judges whether contaminants' state reaches a degree to cause problems in splicing.

Procedure

- ① Select [Dust Test] in [Other].
- ② Remove any fibers placed in the splicer and press ENTER key to start the test.
- ③ After test, if "ERROR" message appears, clean wind cover prism and lenses. Conduct [Dust Test] again. Refer to "Splice quality maintenance" page for the way to clean them.
- ④ Press Esc key to stop dust test.



If the user cannot remove dust on the wind cover prism or lenses after cleaning them, contact IIsintech.

3. LED Test

The arc fusion splicer observes fibers after processing the image visually. Dusts or dirt on the camera, lenses or wind cover mirror may interrupt normal observation of fibers, causing a wrong splice result. This function checks the optic fiber path if it is contaminated so it can result in a splice problem.

Procedure

- ① Select [Led Test] in [Other]
- ② Remove any fibers placed in the splicer and press ENTER key to start the test.
- ③ After test, if “ERROR” message appears, contact IIsintech.
- ④ Press “Esc” to end dust test.

4. Motor Operation

Two motors in the equipment can be running separately and manually. In addition, motors, which are in [Pause 1] and [Pause 2], can be activated by opening this menu during splicing operation.

- ① Select [Run Motor]
- ② Select different motor using ▾ or ▲ button. The name of the selected motor is displayed at the top of the screen.
- ③ Run the selected motor to a required direction using ▾ or ▲ button.

Motor	◀	▶
ZL/ZR	Backward movement	Forward movement
X/Y	Moves fiber downward.	Moves fiber upward
X CAM Y CAM	Moves the lens away from fiber.	Moves the lens close to fiber

5. Maintenance Information

When [Maintenance Information] is selected, below information appears.

Parameter	Description
Production Date	Shows the year, month and date when the equipment was produced.
Arc-discharge Count	The number of discharges done after replacing electrodes. It can be initialized to '0' by executing [Clear Arc Count].
Total Arc-discharge Count	Shows the total arc-discharge count of the equipment.
Last Maintenance Date	Shows the most previous maintenance date.
Next Maintenance Date	Shows the next maintenance schedule.

XIV. Frequently Asked Questions

1. Power Supply

- ① **Cannot turn off the power by pressing the power button.**
 - ➔ Press the switch and hold it about 1 second before releasing.

- ② **Unable to carry out many splicing works with fully charged battery packs.**
 - ➔ If the user is not using power saving function, the power consumption is huge. Refer to [Power Save] for more information. If a battery pack has been kept for a long period without being used, charge the battery fully before utilizing it.
 - A battery pack has its operation life, replace old batteries with new ones. Since the battery packs are operated based on chemical reactions, the electric energy of the battery decrease and dramatically drops, in particular, at below zero temperatures. Also, the electric consumption for splicing increase in high altitude, hence the use time of a battery pack drops in such occasion.

- ③ **While a battery is being charged, “Red” LED on the AC charger blinks**
 - ➔ Disconnect AC power code and connect it again in 10 to 15 seconds.
 - This incident could happen when a battery is charged when air temperature is too high or under direct sunlight. Another case is that the battery pack is damaged or its service life has been over. If LED is still blinking when charging a new battery pack, contact IIsintech.

- ④ **LED of charger is not turned on.**
 - ➔ Disconnect AC power code and connect DC code to the charging jack for 10 to 15 seconds. And connect AC power code again.

- ⑤ Remaining battery capacity is not displayed.

→ Charge battery packs



Place battery packs into the battery charger and connect AC adaptor. Connect AC adaptor exclusive for charging to the SWIFT F1+ charger, install the removed battery and charge.

- ⑥ Remaining battery is not displayed properly.

→ Use the indicator only as a reference. When battery display does not accurately operate, operation time may differ.

2. Splice

- ① An error message appears on the screen.

→ Refer to [Error Message List].

- ② Irregular / high splice loss rate.

→ Clean V-groove, fiber holder, prism, object lenses in accordance with [Splice Quality Maintenance]. Refer to “estimated high loss” in the [Error Message List].

If the fiber is bent or twisted, place the bent part upward. Cleave angle, arc-discharge conditions and cleanness of fiber affect the loss rate. If the loss rate still is high after conducting above measures, contact IIsintech. An annual maintenance and repair are required for maintaining good splice quality.

- ③ Verification of splice procedure

→ Refer to [Splice Procedure].

- ④ Monitor is suddenly turned off.

→ Press Menu key and check power saving settings.

- ⑤ The equipment is suddenly turned off.
→ Turn on the equipment and check power saving settings.

- ⑥ How to change the error limit values of cleave angle, splice loss and fiber angle?
→ Refer to [Splice Mode Edit].

- ⑦ Error message can be ignored.
→ Refer to [Splice Other Option].

- ⑧ Cannot adjust arc-discharge current and time.
→ On saved modes such as SM, NZ and MM, Arc amount and Arc time cannot be changed. Other than the 9 saved splicing modes, changes can be made on newly created modes.

- ⑨ How to set pause?
→ Refer to [Splice Other Option].

- ⑩ How to display cleave angle, fiber angle and core/clad deviation?
→ Refer to [Splice Other Option].

- ⑪ Difference between estimated splice loss and measured splice loss.
→ Use estimated splice loss only as a reference purpose because it is a calculated result. OTDR loss and splicing loss may differ.

- ⑫ ON/OFF discharge should be applied for re-discharge in case of using a special mode.
→ Set [Arc-discharge 2 ON Time] to 500 and [Arc-discharge 2 OFF Time] to OFF. Refer to [Splice Mode Edit]

3. Tube Heater Operation

- ① **Fiber protection sleeve is not fully contracted.**
→ Increase heating time. Refer to [Heater Mode Edit].
- ② **Heater is overheated.**
→ Stop the operation of the heater by pressing heater key and turn off the power. Contact the manufacturer.
- ③ **Fiber protection sleeve is stuck to the heating plate after being contracted.**
→ Use a cotton swab or similar matter to push or remove the sleeve.
- ④ **How to initialize heating conditions of heater mode?**
→ Refer to [Heater Mode Edit].
- ⑤ **How to cancel heating process?**
→ Press Heat key times to cancel heating. It cannot be cancelled by pressing Reset key.

4. Management

- ① **How to prevent modifying function list?**
→ Refer to [Menu Lock].
- ② **How to lock the “Splice”, “Edit” or “heater mode”?**
→ Refer to [Menu Lock].
- ③ **Password is lost.**
→ Contact Isintech.

5. Other Settings

- ① **[Arc-discharge calibration] is repeated many times until “Test Completion” is displayed.**
→ More calibration is required when surrounding environment is radically changed or after electrodes are replaced.
- ② **“Test Completion” is not displayed even though the calibration has been repeated many times.**
→ Activate [Stabilize Electrode] in [Maintenance Menu]. If it doesn't work, replace electrodes according to [Electrode Replacement] function.
- ③ **No change in arc-discharge current after calibration**
→ Arc-discharge changes internal elements. The arc-discharge amount displayed in each splice mode is not changed.
Calibration result affects entire splice modes.

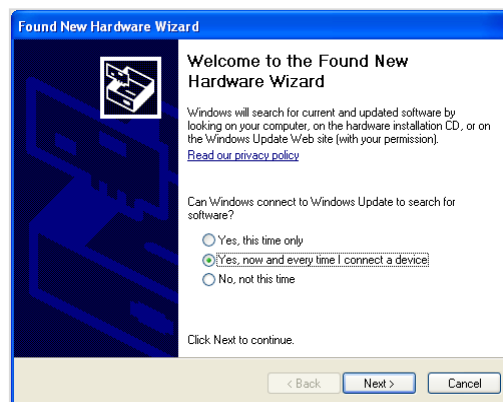
XV. PC Program Installation

1. Installation Procedure

- ① Move the provided driver onto PC and save it.
- ② Connect the equipment to PC with a USB cable.
- ③ New hardware is found and USB Serial Port Driver is installed.



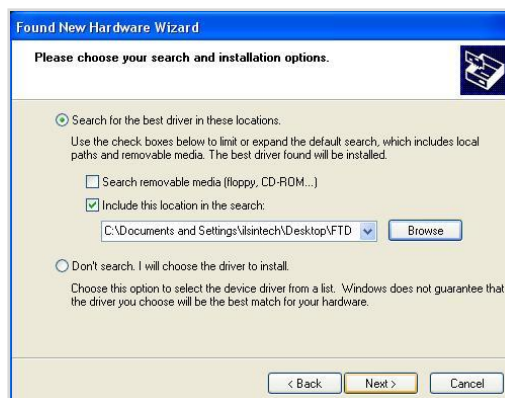
- ④ Hardware update wizard is activated. Select “Yes, now and every time...” and click Next.



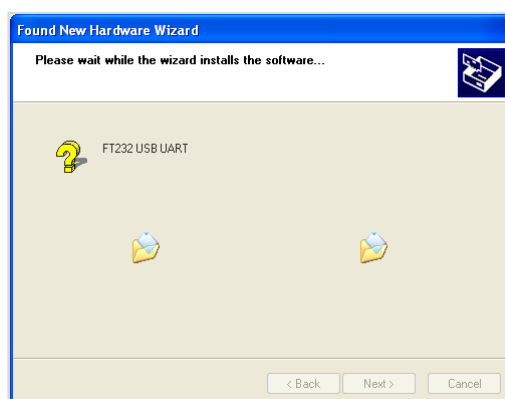
- ⑤ Select “Install from a list or ...” and click Next.



- ⑥ Select “Search for the best...” and “Include this location...” as shown below and click Browse to find the location when FTDRIVER is saved.



- ⑦ When clicked Next below screen appears.



- ⑧ Click Finish .



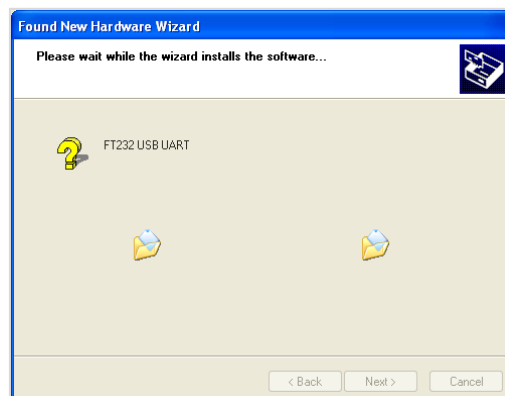
- ⑨ When the installation of USB Serial Converter Driver is completed, Hardware update wizard is activated again.



- ⑩ Select "Search for the best..." and "Include this location..." as shown below and click Browse to find the location when FTDRIVER is saved.



- ⑪ When clicked Next below screen appears.



- ⑫ Click Finish to complete the installation of USB Serial Port.



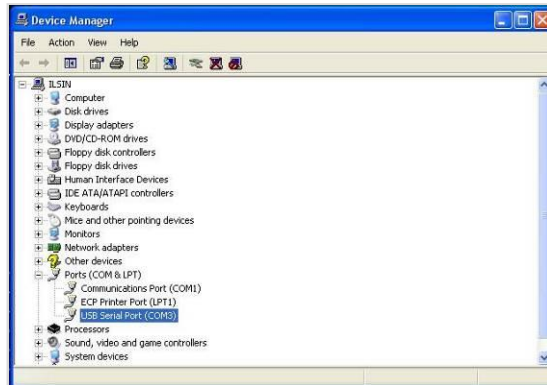
- ⑬ Select My PC and click mouse right button and select Properties.



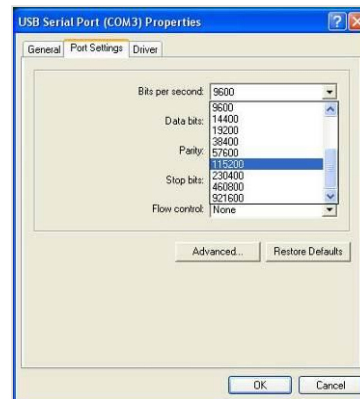
- ⑭ Select [Hardware] tap and click [Device Manager].



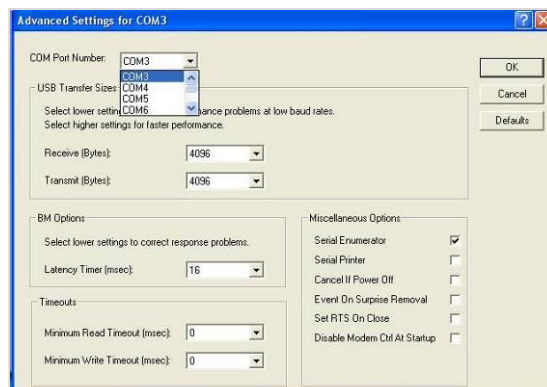
- ⑩ Click [Port (COM & LPT)] and select “USB Serial Port”.



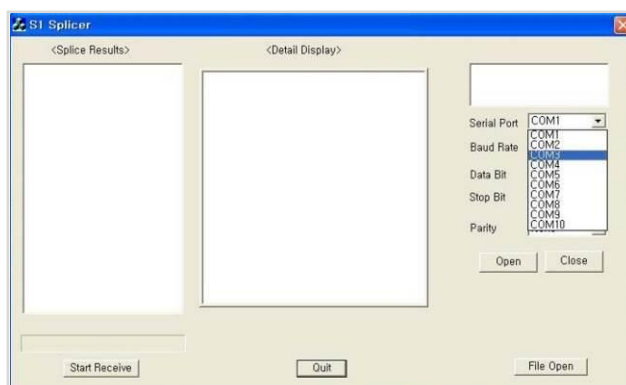
- ⑪ In the “USB Serial Port Properties” window, set the speed of Bits per second to 115200.



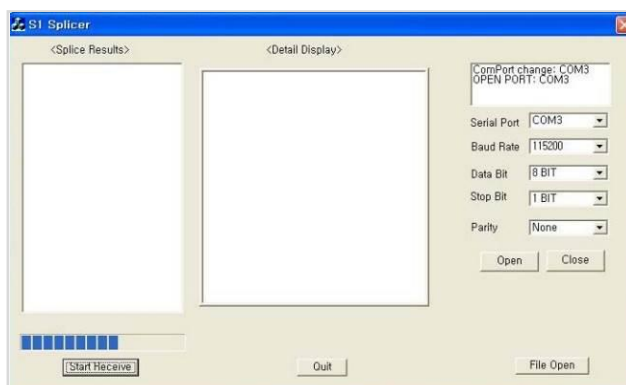
- ⑫ In “Advanced Setting for COMx” window, click “COM Port Number” and select the port to be used in COM3 ~ COM10 Port. Click Ok and confirm the selection.



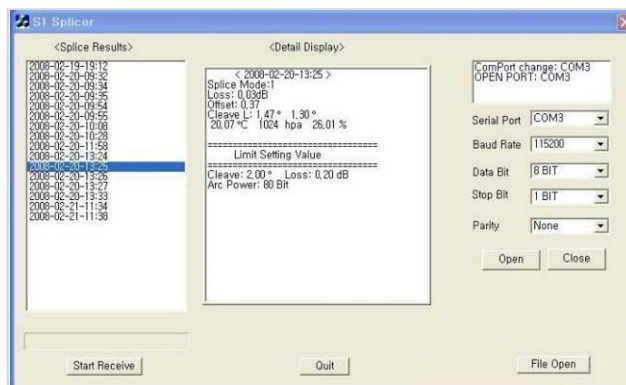
- ⑱ Activate SWIFT F1+ Splicer program and select COMx Port as the serial port, which has been decided in device manager setting.



- ⑲ Click “Open” and activate Start Receive. Following screen appears.



- ⑳ When splice data of the equipment is transmitted to PC, data is displayed in <Splice Results> window in chronological order. Detailed data can be shown in <Detail Display> window when an item is clicked. Splice results are recorded as F1+.txt in the folder where SWIFT F1+ Splicer program is installed or on the desktop.



XVI. Warranty Period and Contact

1. Warranty Period and Limit of Responsibility

If an Arc fusion splicer is broken within one year from delivery, it will be repaired by the manufacturer for free. However, the buyer will be charged for the repair regardless of the warranty period if the breakage or damage incurred due to.

- ① natural disaster,
- ② application of abnormal high frequency voltage,
- ③ negligent handling,
- ④ handling or maintenance not meeting the operational procedures or instructions presented in service manual and
- ⑤ seal sign being already damaged.

2. Before sending the equipment

Please contact Ilsintech first.

3. For more effective maintenance and repair of the equipment,

- ① buyers should include a note which contains
(Name, department, company, address, telephone no, Fax no, e-mail address)

- ② arc fusion splicer's serial no and

- ③ error messages appeared when an incident or breakage occurred. Possibly with a brief explanation of the symptoms or reasons for repair including the condition and time of incident, current condition and monitor condition, etc.

4. Transport of the equipment

Since this arc fusion splicer is high-precision equipment, it is required to protect it from moisture, shake or physical impact by transporting it after keeping in an exclusive carrier case. When requesting for repair service, please, make sure that the body with components is sent in an exclusive carrier case.

5. Repair

Contents saved such as splicing results or splicing modes may be deleted according to condition of repair work.

Products Warranty

Name of product	SWIFT F1+		
Production Number			
Date of purchase			
Customer	Name		Telephone
	Address		

General Product Limited Warrant

1. This product is manufactured under strict quality management and inspection processes.
2. Ilsintech Co., Ltd warrants this product against defective materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase. However, this warranty does not cover a damage or failure caused by or attributable to a reason for Exclusion and Limitations even if the equipment is still under warranty.
3. This warranty card has to be presented when the product is repaired.
4. The arc fusion splicer is high precision equipment, so it is required to transport after keeping it in an exclusive carrier case to protect it from humidity, vibration and physical shock.

Exclusion and Limitations

This warranty will not cover a damage or failure and charges (repairing charge + part + travel expenses) will apply even if the equipment is still under warranty, if such damage or failure has occurred due to or when

1. Natural disaster,
2. Applying over-voltage,
3. Customer's mishandling,
4. Customer's misuse without following instructions or operation procedures provided by this service manual, or
5. The stamped seal is broken or damaged.

❖ Contact the service center or the dealer you purchased the machine when you require maintenance or repair service.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Device Type	Notification
A Class Device (Broadcasting and communication device, commercial use)	Users need to understand that this device (A Class) has obtained EMI (Electromagnetic compatibility) and been designed to be used in places other than home.

Telephone +82 42 671 5609~11
Homepage www.ilsintech.com
E-mail sales@ilsintech.com